

The Mapleton Item.

VOL. XII.

MAPLETON DEPOT, PA., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1900.

NO. 33

LOCAL NOTES.

—Teachers' county institute next week.

—The election is over. How does the result please you?

—FOR SALE—a new buggy. Will be sold at a bargain. T. M. Wood.

—Daniel Lake, of Shade Gap, was the guest of Mapleton friends last Friday.

—John K. Gillam and sister spent last week viewing the sights in Philadelphia.

—H. H. Swope is spending a few days with his daughter and friends in Harrisburg.

—For men's dress suits, shoes, hats, shirts, etc., it will pay to go to W. G. Ewing's, Mt. Union, Pa.

—W. H. Greenland and wife, of Clay township, spent a few hours with friends in Mapleton last Saturday.

—O. R. Buckley recently moved from Shirley township to M. P. Truax's tenant house on Ridge street.

—Edward Stewart and family, of Altoona, were guests of W. H. Mounts' family during the past week.

—Emanuel Roads, a successful fruit grower and dairyman of Cambria county, was a recent guest of J. D. Sloan's family.

—Harry Johnson, of Mount Union, and Miss Tillie Hartman, of Philadelphia, have been among the recent visitors to Mapleton.

—McCarl's liniment is good for man or beast. It quickly brings relief when applied to aches, pains, sprains, cuts or bruises. Try it.

—Frank Yetter and family and John Yetter and family are spending this week with friends and former neighbors in Juniata County.

—Harry Eade, of Burnham, one of the most jovial companions on the footstool, spent a few hours with Mapleton friends last Saturday.

—At W. G. Ewing's, Mt. Union, you can get dress plaids as low as 5 cents per yard and all wool 36 inch dress goods at 25 cents per yard.

—Miss Emily Colyer, of Thompsonstown, (niece of W. A. Dunn) finds pleasure in making her first visit to Mapleton as the guest of her uncle.

—A box of salve is a requisite in every household. When buying get McCarl's ointment which has healing properties unequalled by any other salve.

—Miss Minnie Ramsey of Johnstown, is spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. Ed. Brown, and in the near future will also visit her home and friends in Robertsdale.

—Since the arrival of a young daughter at the home of G. H. Hooper last Saturday morning, "Haddie" says he has as many kinds of children at his home as anybody else.

—Rev. J. Ellis Bell, pastor of the Chambersburg M. E. church, has been appointed presiding elder of the Altoona district to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Rev. M. L. Smyser.

—Misses Mabel Carothers, Margaret Carothers and Margaret Fultz, of Mill Creek, spent last Friday among friends in Mapleton. We were favored with a brief call from the latter two.

—W. G. Ewing, Mount Union, carries a big line of ladies' dress goods, muslin sheetings, table linens, sheetings, gingham, plaids, etc., and it will pay to see his goods before purchasing.

—James G. Spangler, a special police officer of Altoona, formerly of Mapleton, had one of his fingers broken in a scuffle with a violator of the law one night last week. "Jim," as usual landed his man.

—Fast line west and Philadelphia express east will stop at Mapleton on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday evenings of next week in order to give the people of this community an opportunity to attend the evening entertainments.

—Charles H. Clark spent Sunday with parents and friends at Saxton. He says the prospective starting of the furnaces at an early date and the number of new houses being erected give Saxton quite a boom.

—J. O. Heaton, Cassville, Pa., recommends and sells all of Chamberlain's remedies advertised in the ITEM.

—Why not get rid of that hacking cough before it runs into something more serious? McCarl's Cough Syrup is an excellent remedy for coughs, colds, croup and all irritations and inflammations of the throat or chest. Price 25 cents.

—A M. Dell hereby gives notice to all his patrons that his blacksmith shop will be closed Thursday, Friday and Saturday of next week. Adam has heard of a pine squirrel on Sideling Hill and he purposes going forth to engage the monster in deadly conflict.

—A few hoodlums, who think they ought to be called young gentlemen, did some mischief in Mapleton on Halloween. Sport is sport but when it involves expense to others it ceases to be sport and becomes malicious trespass which is a crime of serious character.

—Dr. J. G. Spangler informs us that Walter Gladfelter who was removed to the Jefferson medical hospital on Monday of last week for an operation for rupture, will get well without an operation. The lad has improved rapidly and will be in a condition to be brought home soon, a fact we are all glad to learn.

—J. G. Gillam guarantees every bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and will refund the money to any one who is not satisfied after using two-thirds of the contents. This is the best remedy in the world for la grippe, coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough and is pleasant and safe to take. It prevents any tendency of a cold to result in pneumonia.

—E. Matley, a civil engineer in the employ of the Pennsylvania railroad company, has made the discovery that Big Bald Knob, in the Allegheny mountains, on the line between Somerset and Bedford counties, and eight miles from the Cambria county line, is the most elevated point in Pennsylvania, being 3,000.7 feet above sea level. This point has been accepted by the government engineers.

—Edward McVitty Greene, of Saltillo, and Miss Carrie Catharine Wittenmyer, of Middleburg, were united in marriage last Thursday evening, the ceremony being performed by Dr. L. Hulley, of Bucknell University. Mr. Greene is one of Huntingdon county's most popular young men and is a gentleman in every respect. His bride is an accomplished young lady. We join in extending to them congratulations and best wishes.

—Tuesday, October 30th, Charles Campbell Brewster, mayor of Huntingdon, and Miss Mary Bell Brewster, also of Huntingdon, were united in marriage. Mr. Brewster is one of Nature's noblemen and his bride is an accomplished lady who is held in high esteem by all who know her. We wish them unbounded happiness in their voyage through life. They will be "at home" to their friends at 708 Warm Springs avenue, Huntingdon, after December 1st.

—It will be a surprise to any who are at all familiar with the good qualities of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, to know that people everywhere take pleasure in relating their experience in the use of that splendid medicine and in telling of the benefit they have received from it, of bad colds it has cured, of threatened attacks of pneumonia it has averted and of the children it has saved from attacks of croup and whooping cough. It is a grand, good medicine. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

—William J. Jackman, for many years editor of the Mifflintown Democrat and Register, died at his residence in Mifflintown last Monday evening. Deceased was a veteran of the civil war and was a very agreeable gentleman. Some years ago he became afflicted with brain trouble which made him an invalid. His daughters took hold of his editorial work and have successfully managed it. We are very sorry to learn of the decease of our friend and extend sympathy to the bereaved family.

—You assume no risk when you buy Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. J. G. Gillam will refund your money if you are not satisfied after using it. It is everywhere admitted to be the most successful remedy in use for bowel complaints and the only one that never fails. It is pleasant, safe and reliable.

—A journal devoted to the interests of funeral directors contains the following sensible paragraph: "And let me not forget to say that the custom of inserting in the papers 'a card of thanks' by the bereaved is abominable. It is wretched taste and should be abolished. Directors may work to this end by timely advice when the matter is proposed to them. If it is desired to thank lodges or societies, let it be done by letter. Neighbors and friends do not expect thanks. They minister to the bereft through sympathy, kindness and love."

—John Runk, who was engineer in charge of construction of the iron aqueduct at Jackstown, one mile east of Mapleton, died in the Pennsylvania hospital, Philadelphia, last Thursday and was buried in that city on Saturday. The iron aqueduct was built in 1860 and was destroyed by the flood of 1889. When it was built it was the pioneer of that kind of structures. About a year ago the editor of the ITEM met Mr. Runk in Philadelphia and at that time the latter spoke with a feeling of pride of his part in the construction of the aqueduct.

—Daniel Brought, a well known citizen of Granville, a night watchman on the Pennsylvania railroad, was killed by the cars on Monday night. Mr. Brought had left the tower at the west end of Mayes bridge at 11:50 and about 1:30 o'clock his body was found between the tracks some distance east of the bridge. His skull was crushed in on the back of the head, one foot cut off and one arm and one leg broken. Death was evidently instantaneous. It is supposed that passenger train No. 14, which passed shortly after twelve o'clock, struck him, but how it occurred will never be known. His body was prepared for burial, and was then taken to his home. Deceased was aged 47 years, and is survived by a wife and four sons and two daughters, one of the latter being married and the others at home.

—Dorsey Corbin, aged 22 years, son of Francis Corbin, of Juniata township, accidentally shot himself last Saturday afternoon. He was out hunting, and standing on a log attempted to draw his gun up to him. The hammer caught and the gun was discharged. The charge struck him at the right arm pit, taking a diagonal course through the body and severing the artery of the heart and lungs. He died in a few moments. On Thursday, two days before the accident, he was married to Maud E., daughter of Lewis C. Corbin, formerly of Mapleton. Deceased was a consistent member of the Baptist church and an exemplary young man. We extend sympathy to the bereaved friends and especially to the young lady who so soon must lay aside the bridal robes for the garments of widowhood.

—Extra Brakeman James Moran, of the middle division of the Pennsylvania railroad, died Tuesday morning at 4 o'clock at the Harrisburg hospital, where he was brought Monday evening from Newport, suffering from fatal injuries. Moran was standing on the top of a car of "moonshine" local while some shifting was being done and a sudden jolt jostled him between the cars to the tracks below. The wheels of the cars did not pass over him, but an examination at the hospital revealed fractures of the skull, spine and ribs and he was powerless from the waist line down. He was semi-conscious but later became insensible and remained in a state of coma until death came. James Moran was 25 years of age and had been on the railroad less than a year. He formerly served in the United States army and was with the Sixth cavalry.

—Master Fred Simpson, of Mill Creek, spent a few hours in Mapleton on Tuesday. He but recently returned from a three months' cruise with the schoolship Saratoga. During this cruise he had opportunity to visit some of the historical places of England, attend the Paris exposition and touch at many ports of interest in Europe and the islands of the Atlantic ocean. Fred is a bright lad and will make the information gleaned by him of much value in after life. He has our best wishes for success.

—As stated in the ITEM last week Rev. Treverton returned home on Wednesday morning from the Jefferson medical hospital where his ailment had been pronounced bone cancer of the right superior maxillary. His father arrived from Carlisle on Wednesday evening and after consultation with his wife and father Rev. Treverton decided to undergo an operation which would necessitate the removal of at least a part of the right superior maxillary and the right eye. He and his wife left on Saturday evening for Carlisle to spend a day or two with his parents and on Monday they proceeded to Philadelphia. Today was the time set for the operation but for some reason it has been deemed advisable to postpone it until next Saturday. This entire community await with interest the result of the operation and hope it may be successful and that his life of usefulness may be much prolonged.

Communicated.

In a certain section of this county it was formerly a custom for the young people of the neighborhood to meet together in the evenings of the autumn and winter and enjoy themselves in social games and plays and many look back with pleasure to the evenings thus spent. In that same neighborhood now, instead of the innocent play-party it is not unusual for the young people to hold frequent dances at which gatherings hard cider and wine are too often freely indulged in. At a recent gathering of this character the women present were mostly married women but their husbands were absent. Some of these women had recently laid loved ones to rest promising, no doubt, to meet them in a better land, but there are no dance halls nor grog shops on the route to heaven. Some people wonder why their children drink or why they are not brought into the fold of the blessed Master. How can such results be expected with such influences thrown about the younger generation! We hope wives and mothers will stop and think of the power of bad examples. We write this not with a view of censuring any one but with the hope that it may arrest some one who may be starting in a career which has no other termination than sin and shame.

A MOTHER.

Salvage Register.

Saturday, November 10th, commencing at one o'clock p. m., W. T. Chilcote will sell at his residence one mile northwest of Mapleton 4 horses, mule, 2 cows, calf, harness, wagon, spring wagon, phosphate seed sower, phosphate corn planter, plow, harrow, forks, grain cradle, double and single trees, etc.

Friday, November 30th, commencing at twelve o'clock, m., Mrs. Laura M. Smith, administratrix, will sell at her residence in Cass township, one-half mile south of Latta Grove postoffice, mare, horse, colt, 3 cows, wagon and bed, farm wagon, buggy, cart, wheelbarrow, plows, harrow, cultivator, harness, rakes, grindstone, turning lathe, flour chest, tool chest, work bench, anvil, hammers, carpenter tools, boring machine, scythes, grain cradles, broad axe, cross cut saw, kettle and ring, churn, No. 8 cook stove, heating stove, bedsteads, sink, 2 guns, fanning mill, etc.

Saturday, December 1st, commencing at one o'clock p. m., A. W. Swope, administrator, will sell at court house, Huntingdon, real estate of the late A. Jackson White, deceased. For description see advertisement in this paper.

—Both makers and circulators of counterfeits commit fraud. Honest men will not deceive you into buying worthless counterfeits of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. The original is infallible for curing piles, sores, eczema and all skin diseases. A. B. Gillam, J. L. Hoack.

THE ELECTION.

The election is over and business will move in undisturbed channels for another four years. As predicted in the ITEM last week McKinley and Roosevelt have been elected president and vice-president and by tremendous majorities. The latest returns indicate that the electoral college will stand as follows.

M'KINLEY.	BRYAN.
California 9	Alabama 11
Connecticut 6	Arkansas 8
Delaware 3	Colorado 4
Illinois 24	Florida 4
Indiana 15	Georgia 13
Iowa 13	Idaho 3
Kansas 10	Kentucky 13
Maine 6	Louisiana 8
Maryland 8	Mississippi 9
Massachusetts 15	Missouri 17
Michigan 14	Montana 3
Minnesota 9	Nevada 3
Nebraska 8	North Carolina 11
New Hampshire 4	South Carolina 9
New Jersey 10	Tennessee 12
New York 36	Texas 15
North Dakota 3	Virginia 12
Ohio 23	Total 155
Oregon 4	
Pennsylvania 32	
Rhode Island 4	
South Dakota 4	
Utah 3	
Vermont 4	
Washington 4	
West Virginia 6	
Wisconsin 12	
Wyoming 3	
Total 292	
Total 447	
Necessary to choice 224	

Pennsylvania leads the Republican states with a majority that will be close to 300,000. New York comes next with a majority of 143,622. Ohio, which the Democrats tried to persuade themselves was doubtful, gave a majority for McKinley of over 71,000.

In the next United States Senate the Republican majority will reach twenty and in the House of Representatives the majority will exceed fifty.

In Pennsylvania the Republicans gain six congressmen and the delegation from this state will stand twenty-six Republicans to four Democrats. The state Senate and House are both strongly Republican and on joint ballot the Republicans will have a majority of about 150, of which not less than 145 will go into the Republican caucus and abide by the will of the majority. It is very probable that Col. Matthew Stanley Quay will be the caucus nominee for United States Senator and he will be elected.

In the county the victory for the Republicans is complete. McKinley carries the county by a majority of 2578. Notwithstanding the Democrats and anti-Quayites joined hands in attempting to defeat Messrs. Taylor and Montgomery, the Republican nominees for assembly, both these gentlemen are elected, Mr. Taylor by a majority of 598 and Mr. Montgomery by a majority of 422. Following is the vote of the county: McKinley, 4526; Bryan, 1948; Woolley, 166. For Auditor General—Hardenberg, 4519; Meek, 1952. For Congress-at-Large—Grow, 4530; Foerderer, 4253; Grim, 1941; Edwards, 1946. For Congress—Mahon, 4167; Heading, 1919. For State Senator—Stewart (no opposition.) For Assembly—J. Taylor, R., 3662; T. W. Montgomery, R., 3443; J. C. Duukle, D., 3064; Chisolm, anti-Quay, 3021.

In this borough one hundred and thirty-six votes were cast and it was one of the quietest elections ever held in this borough. Only twelve voters asked for assistance in preparing their ballots. The vote for McKinley was 105, for Bryan 23 and for Woolley 7. One voter marked no electors. The detailed vote of the county will be published next week.

Chamberlain's Pain Balm Cures Others, Why Not You?

My wife has been using Chamberlain's Pain Balm, with good results, for a lame shoulder that has pained her continually for nine years. We have tried all kinds of medicines and doctors without receiving any benefit from any of them. One day we saw an advertisement of this medicine and thought of trying it, which we did with the best of satisfaction. She has used only one bottle and her shoulder is almost well.—Adolph L. Millett, Manchester, N. H. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

POPULATION, 76,235,220

Official Announcement of the Census of the United States For 1900.

GAINED 13,225,464 IN DECADE

The Number in the Forty-Five States is 74,627,907, Representing Approximately the Population For Apportionment Purposes—Statement by the Director of the Census—He Spent \$6,361,961.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—The official announcement of the total population of the United States for 1900 is 76,235,220, of which 74,627,907 are contained in the forty-five States representing approximately the population to be used for apportionment purposes. There is a total of 134,158 Indians not taxed. The total population in 1890, with which the aggregate population of the present census should be compared, was 63,009,756.

Taking the 1890 population as a basis, there has been a gain in population of 13,225,464 during the last ten years,

THANKSGIVING DAY SET

The Annual Proclamation Issued by President McKinley.

He Designates November 29, as a Day of Thanks to a Kind Providence For National Blessings.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—The following Thanksgiving Day proclamation has been issued:

"It has pleased Almighty God to bring our Nation in safety and honor through another year. The works of religion and charity have everywhere been manifest. Our country through all its extent has been blessed with abundant harvests. Labor and the great industries of the people have prospered beyond all precedent. Our commerce has spread over the world. Our power and influence in the cause of freedom and enlightenment have extended over distant seas and lands. The lives of our official representatives and many of our people in China have been marvellously preserved. We have been generally exempt from pestilence and other great calamities and even the tragic visitation which overwhelmed the city of Galveston made evident the sentiments of sympathy and Christian

RICE PLOT CONFESSION

The Millionaire's Valet Accuses Lawyer Patrick of Murder.

JONES THEN CUTS HIS THROAT

Sensational Developments in the Famous Rice Case in New York City—The Confession Charges That Patrick Caused the Millionaire's Death by the Use of an Anesthetic—He Denies the Story.

New York City (Special).—Developments of a sensational character have followed each other in the now famous Rice case. Charles F. Jones, who was the private secretary and valet of William Marsh Rice, the aged millionaire, who died recently under suspicious circumstances, attempted to commit suicide in his cell in the Tombs by stabbing himself with a pen-knife.

The attempt was made just about twenty-four hours after Jones had made a full confession to Assistant District-Attorney Osborne in which he practically accused Albert T. Patrick, who was the New York attorney for the old millionaire, of murdering Mr. Rice by the administration of drugs, and finally of some anesthetic. Jones also said that Patrick gave him the knife and urged him to commit suicide. Mr. Osborne declared that Jones's confession was voluntary. Mr. House, attorney for Patrick and Jones, has charged Osborne and Captain McClusky with employing the third degree.

It is stated that a personal friend of Jones induced him to make his confession. At least it was this friend, whose name is withheld, who went to Assistant District-Attorney Osborne and invited him to interview the prisoner in the Tombs. Mr. Osborne accepted the invitation. Jones's confession was heard the presence of witnesses and taken down by a stenographer.

Jones reserved nothing in his confession. He told of the dazzling temptation of \$5,000,000, the opportune arrival of the very man who had the knowledge and the nerve to do the part that was beyond Jones, of the administration of tablets, the constituents of which he did not know, the final hastening of the end of the dying man with the anesthetic, the overhauling of Rice's paper and the use of the dead man's check book.

Jones's description of the last moments of Mr. Rice, which is a part of his confession, follows:

"Mr. Patrick asked me for a towel and a sponge, and I got them for him. He then asked me to leave the room. I left the room. He said: 'I will remain with Mr. Rice until he goes to sleep, and will go out the side door.'"

"Two minutes later I heard Mr. Rice laughing after I left the room. I went to the door and peeped in, and saw Mr. Rice lying on his back, and the towel was folded in a cone shape and was over his whole face, and Mr. Patrick was holding it over his face with his right hand. Mr. Patrick did not see me, nor did Mr. Rice. I opened the door just enough to see what was going on, and just as soon as I saw the position of things I went and laid down on my bed and went to sleep.

"When I woke up, about 8 o'clock, I turned the light up. I took hold of his hand and found it limp and lifeless. I first looked for Mr. Patrick, and then sent for the doctor. When the doctor came he pronounced Mr. Rice dead."

Lying on a cot in Bellevue Hospital Jones was heard to exclaim: "Only think that I was in that other room and knew that Mr. Rice was being killed and didn't raise my hand to help him."

Patrick denied Jones's story from beginning to end.

POWERS AGREE ON CHINA.

Their Alignment on the Anglo-German Agreement Now Complete.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—The alignment of the Powers on the Anglo-German agreement is now complete. Aside from Italy and Austria, whose adherence to the agreement was expected, owing to their political relations with Germany, Japan is the only one of the Powers which has given unconditional assent to the agreement.

As the matter now stands five of the Powers are united in all the terms of the agreement, viz., Great Britain, Germany, Italy, Austria and Japan; three of the Powers, the United States, France and Russia, accept the clauses relating to the open door and the territorial integrity of China, but withhold action on the third clause as to future procedure in case any Power seizes territory.

ALL INDICTED FOR MURDER.

McAllister, Kerr, Campbell and Death Held For Mill Girl's Death.

Paterson, N. J. (Special).—After the examination of six witnesses and a thorough investigation of the death of Jennie Bosschietter, the Grand Jury of Passaic County indicted Walter C. McAllister, George J. Kerr, Andrew Campbell and William A. Death. There is an indictment for murder and one for assault against each prisoner.

This action of the Grand Jury was in accordance with instructions given to its members by Judge Dixon, telling them that the four men were liable under either or both charges. It is learned that the ballot to indict was unanimous.

Pekin's Musical Doves. One of the first things that surprise a foreigner on arriving at Peking is the strange sound that seems to come down from the clouds, but which really comes from the celebrated musical doves of that city. Overhead on all sides are great flocks of these birds, and ever as they sweep to and fro the weird music is heard. Compared with the plaintive coo of ordinary pigeons it sounds mysterious, and yet it is easily explained. To the tail of each bird is fastened an instrument known as "chao-the," "chao" signifying pipes, and "the" mechanical. The instrument is composed of several small reeds, and is so light that the bird's flight is no whit impeded thereby.

It is fastened to the tail between the two middle feathers and is kept in place by a small stick, which passes through the instrument. During the birds' rapid flight the air passes impetuously through the reeds, causing continuous shrill sounds. It is said that these instruments were invented by a mandarin, and that their object is to protect the doves, which are highly prized everywhere in China, from birds of prey. If this be true, the object has certainly been attained, since only a bird of supernatural courage and ferocity would venture to attack a dove capable of making such uncanny sounds as these. Even human beings are startled when they hear them for the first time, but they soon become used to them.

The Gloomy View.

To the confirmed pessimist, says Youth's Companion, there is no good or pleasure in life that has not its corresponding evil or unhappiness.

"Your house looks much better since you had it painted," remarked a cheerful citizen, stopping on his way downtown to speak to a neighbor.

The neighbor was standing in front of his premises, looking with lowering brow at the newly-painted front of his mansion.

"Yes," he replied, gloomily, "It looks some better, but we have to wash the windows twice as often as we did before, to dress up to it."

Fine Woods Grow Costly.

The fashion of using wood for interior decorations is largely responsible for the advance of from fifteen to thirty-five per cent. in the price of fine woods.

The doctor and the lawyer born amend the Constitution.

Tourist Information, Rates, Etc., South.

Tickets are now on sale via the Southern Railway, to all prominent resorts of the Carolinas, Georgia, Florida, Cuba, Mexico and California. Dining and Sleeping Cars on all trains. The route of the Washington & Southwestern Vestibule Limited, New York & Florida Express, Washington & Chattanooga Limited and the U. S. East Mail. During the winter season the New York & Florida Limited, "The finest train in the world." Descriptive matter of the winter resort rates upon application to either New York offices, 271 or 1185 Broadway. Berths in Sleeping Cars reserved in advance, and all information furnished. "No trouble to answer questions." Call on or address Alex. S. Thweatt, Eastern Pass. Agent, 1185 Broadway, New York City.

Modern machinery is fast finding its way to small farms in Cuba.

\$100 Reward. \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address

Sold by Druggists, 75c. J. C. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

There are about 30,000 lepers in the Philippines.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. \$2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 361 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

A German firm has built a locomotive on the American pattern.

A Colonel in the British South African army says that Adams' Tutti Frutti was a blessing to his men while marching.

The United States lead all other nations in the matter of fruit growing.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

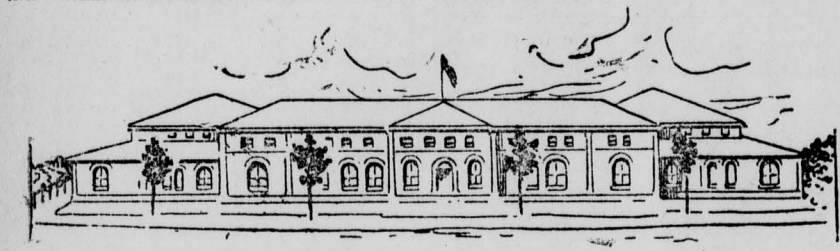
An English inventor proposes to build a boat that will cross the Atlantic in two days.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c. a bottle.

Kissing is almost unknown in Japan. A mother never kisses her child, a lover never kisses his sweetheart.

To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take LAXATIVE BROWN QUININE TABLETS. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Nearly all of the jute mills in India are now lighted with electric lights, so that overtime work is possible.



NEW CENSUS BUILDING, WASHINGTON.

representing an increase of nearly twenty-one per cent.

Following is the official announcement by States:

	1900.	1890.	Indians, not taxed.
Alabama	1,828,697	1,313,017	.....
Arkansas	1,311,564	1,128,179	.....
California	1,485,053	1,208,130	1,549
Colorado	539,700	412,198	597
Connecticut	908,355	746,258	.....
Delaware	184,155	168,493	.....
Florida	528,542	391,422	.....
Georgia	2,216,329	1,837,353	.....
Idaho	161,771	84,385	2,297
Illinois	4,821,550	3,820,391	.....
Indiana	2,516,463	2,192,404	.....
Iowa	2,251,829	1,911,896	.....
Kansas	1,489,496	1,427,696	.....
Kentucky	2,147,174	1,858,635	.....
Louisiana	1,381,627	1,118,587	.....
Maine	694,366	661,086	.....
Maryland	1,189,946	1,042,390	.....
Massachusetts	2,805,346	2,238,943	.....
Michigan	2,419,782	2,093,880	.....
Minnesota	1,751,395	1,301,826	1,768
Mississippi	1,551,372	1,289,000	.....
Missouri	3,107,117	2,679,184	.....
Montana	243,289	132,159	10,746
Nebraska	1,068,901	1,058,910	.....
Nevada	42,334	45,761	1,605
N. Hampshire	411,588	376,530	.....
New Jersey	1,883,669	1,444,963	.....
New York	7,268,009	5,997,853	4,711
N. Carolina	1,891,992	1,617,947	.....
North Dakota	319,040	182,719	4,692
Ohio	4,157,545	3,672,316	.....
Oregon	413,532	313,767	.....
Pennsylvania	6,301,365	5,258,014	.....
Rhode Island	428,556	345,506	.....
South Carolina	1,340,312	1,151,149	.....
South Dakota	401,559	328,808	10,932
Tennessee	2,022,723	1,767,518	.....
Texas	3,048,828	2,235,523	.....
Utah	276,565	207,905	1,472
Vermont	343,641	332,422	.....
Virginia	1,854,184	1,655,980	.....
Washington	517,672	349,390	2,531
W. Virginia	958,900	762,794	.....
Wisconsin	2,068,963	1,686,880	1,637
Wyoming	92,531	69,705	.....

Total for 45 States	74,627,907	62,116,811	44,617
Territories &c. Alaska estimated	44,000	32,052	.....
Arizona	122,212	59,629	24,644
District of Columbia	278,718	230,392	.....
Hawaii	154,001	89,990	.....
Indian Territory	391,960	180,182	56,033
New Mexico	193,777	153,593	2,937
Oklahoma	398,245	61,834	5,927
Persons in the service of the U. S. stationed abroad (estimated)	84,400	.....	.....
Indians, etc., on Indian reservations, except Indian Territory .....	.....	145,282	.....

Total for seven territories &c. 1,667,313 952,945 89,541

The Director of the Census, in announcing the population of the United States, made a statement, which, in part, follows:

"The figures of the population are the result of a careful computation by means of the latest tabulating machines. It has been the custom heretofore to make a rough count, using the names on the schedules as a basis, but in this decade it was determined to avoid the errors likely to arise from a preliminary count, and also the necessary expense and delay incident to such a proceeding. The plan was adopted of verifying the count at once by the use of the electrical contrivances referred to above.

"The early completion of the tabulation of the population of the States enables the Census Office to submit the figures to Congress as soon as it convenes in December, thus giving that body the information necessary to dispose of the question of the reapportionment of Representatives at the coming session.

"The cost of the administration of the bureau up to this date, including the expense incident to the preliminary work, as well as the cost of the enumeration and supervision, is \$6,361,961, of which over \$4,000,000 has been expended for supervision and enumeration."

charity, by virtue of which we are one united people.

"Now, therefore, I, William McKinley, President of the United States, do hereby appoint and set apart Thursday, November 29, next, to be observed by all the people of the United States, at home and abroad, as a day of thanksgiving and praise to Him who holds the nations in the hollow of His hand. I recommend that they gather in their several places of worship and devoutly give Him thanks for the prosperity wherewith He has endowed us, for seed time and harvest, for the valor, devotion and humanity of our armies and navies, and for all His benefits to us as individuals and as a Nation; and that they humbly pray for the continuance of His divine favor, for concord and amity with other nations, and for righteousness and peace in all our ways.

"In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

"Done at the City of Washington this 29th day of October, in the year of our Lord, one thousand and nine hundred, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and twenty-fifth.

"WILLIAM McKINLEY,
"JOHN HAY, Secretary of State."

FATAL MINE EXPLOSION.

An Employee's Slight Error Results in Death and Destruction.

Wilkesbarre, Penn. (Special).—A tremendous explosion of gas occurred in No. 1 shaft of the Kingston Coal Company in Edwardsville in which five men were killed and six others were badly burned. The dead are Peter Nsovice, Michael Galahaus, Adam Waynoles and Frank Macalonski, miners, and David Evans, a driver boy. When the injured men were brought to the surface by the rescuers the skin hung in shreds from their bodies. The work of rescue was dangerous, as "after damp" had accumulated. The first rescuing party that went down the mine was driven back and two in the party had to be carried out. The accident was due to an employee who diverted the air course unwittingly.

BANDITS RAID A VILLAGE.

Blow Open a Safe at Roundhead, Ohio, and Fire on Citizens.

Bellefontaine, Ohio (Special).—A gang of mounted robbers raided the village of Roundhead, fourteen miles from here and got away with considerable booty.

A terrific explosion aroused the residents and citizens, who appeared on the street and were shot at by the robbers, who finally rode away toward Lima, firing as they went.

The heaviest loss was at Mertz & May's store, where the safe was blown open and \$400 secured. Six hundred dollars in bank notes was scattered out of their reach by the explosion.

GREAT FIRE SWEEPS AMOY.

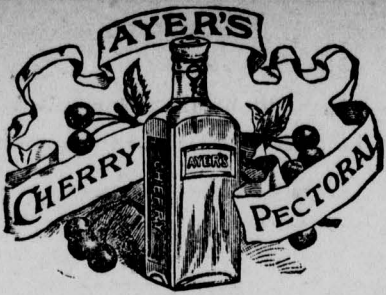
Many Blocks in Chinese Coast City Wiped Out.

London (By Cable).—A great fire has destroyed 150 houses in Amoy, China. The destroyed houses were all in the business section, near the American and British settlement.

British, Russian and Japanese marines were landed with engines and fought the flames heroically.

General Lee Ordered From Cuba.

The army division of Cuba was discontinued and the Department of Cuba established by an order of President McKinley. General Leonard Wood is placed in command of the new department. General Fitzhugh Lee is ordered to command the Department of the Missouri, with headquarters at Omaha.



The great trouble in trying to sell what are called patent medicines is that so many claims have been made for them that people don't or won't believe what honest makers say.

We have been telling our story sixty years. Did we ever deceive you once? If we make any statement that isn't so, we will stand the loss. Go to the druggist and get your money back.

Here's an example. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is a good cure for a cough that comes from a cold. Your cough, if you have one, may not come from a cold; your doctor will tell you about that.

It is a straight medicine with sixty years of cures back of it. There isn't a ghost of the ordinary patent thing about it.

J. C. AYER COMPANY,
Practical Chemists, Lowell, Mass.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla	Ayer's Hair Vigor
Ayer's Pills	Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
Ayer's Aque Cure	Ayer's Comatone

Dr. Bull's Safest, surest cure for Cough Syrup. It cures all coughs, colds, and whooping cough. Refuse substitutes. Get Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

Found in a Maine Graveyard.
The following epitaph was copied from a stone in a graveyard at Winslow, Me.: "Here lies the body of Richard Thomas, an Englishman by birth. A whig of '76. By occupation a cooper. Now food for worms. Like an old rum puncheon, marked, numbered and shooed. He will be raised again and finished by his Creator. He died September 28, 1824, aged 75. America, my adopted country, my best advice to you is this: Take care of your liberties."—Lewiston (Me.) Journal.

Each package of **PURINA FADLESS DYE** colors more goods than any other dye and colors them better too. Sold by all druggists.

The penal code of the Chinese empire is at least 2000 years old, and under its provisions about 12,000 persons are annually executed.

Best For the Bowels.
No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. **CASCARETS** help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. **CASCARETS** Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C.C.O. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Since 1891 the population of London is computed to have increased by 300,000.

The Best Prescription for Chills
and Fever is a bottle of **GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC**. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

Leg Saved by Tickling.
Raymond Crane, aged five, while playing, got one leg so firmly wedged into a five-foot water pipe that a policeman and two brawny laborers could not get it out without danger of dismembering him. "Blow the pipe to pieces with dynamite!" said one. "Send for a doctor," said another. "Sue the city," a third. "Unscrew the lad," said a policeman, a new arrival. "Tickle his foot with a straw and see if he won't pull his leg out himself," suggested Raymond's bright little sister. The plan worked well. Every time any one tickled Raymond's foot the boy would draw up his toes and wriggle his leg and draw it up a little out of the pipe. Finally he gave a last wriggle and drew his leg out.—Chicago Dispatch.

An Automobile For Funerals.
The only autobain funeral wagon in existence is used by an undertaker in Philadelphia, who is firm in the belief that autobain hearses and autobain funerals will soon be seen upon the streets, says the Autobain. The vehicle was used for the first time at a funeral in Norwood Cemetery, when the horse attached to the preacher's carriage took fright and ran away. For some time the horse dashed over the tombstones, but was finally caught after demolishing several headstones.

Combination Lamp-Post.

A lamp-post has been introduced in England which combines a fire hydrant, tap and fire alarm box. The hydrant can be used for fire purposes, filling watercarts and for street flushing, while the small tap can be used by an individual for domestic water supply. There is a water meter and siphon at the bottom by which the water is shut off from the hydrant, thus preventing it from freezing.

DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON

SUNDAY'S DISCOURSE BY THE NOTED DIVINE.

Subject: **Everyday Religion—It is Good in Business and Politics—The Example of Daniel, Who Was Never Too Busy to Worship God—Advice to Christians.**

(Copyright 1900.)

WASHINGTON, D. C.—This discourse of Dr. Talmage is appropriate for all seasons, but especially in these times of great agitation. The text is Daniel vi, 16, "Then the king commanded, and they brought Daniel and cast him into the den of lions."

Darius was king of Babylon, and the young man Daniel was so much a favorite with him that he made him prime minister, or secretary of state. But no man could gain such a high position without exciting the envy and jealousy of the people. There were demagogues in Babylon who were so appreciative of their own abilities that they were affronted at the elevation of this young man. Old Babylon was afraid of young Babylon. The taller the cedar the more apt it is to be riven of the lightning. These demagogues asked the king to make a decree that anybody that made a petition to any one except the king during a period of thirty days should be put to death. King Darius, not suspecting any foul play, makes that decree. The demagogues have accomplished all they want, because they know that no one can keep Daniel from sending petitions before God for thirty days.

So far from being afraid, Daniel goes on with supplications three times a day and is found on his house top making prayer. He is caught in the act. He is condemned to be devoured by the lions. Rough executioners of the law seize him and hasten him to the cavern. I hear the growl of the wild beasts, and I see them pawing the dust, and as they put their mouths to the ground the solid earth quakes with their bellowing. I see their eyes roll and I almost hear the fiery eyeballs snap in the darkness. These monsters approach Daniel. They have an appetite keen with hunger. With one stroke of their paw or one snatch of their teeth, they may leave him dead at the bottom of the cavern. But what a strange welcome Daniel receives from these hungry monsters. They fawn around him, they lick his hand, they bury his feet in their long manes. That night he has calm sleep with his head pillowed on the warm necks of the tamed lions.

But not so well does Darius, the king, sleep. He has an attack of terrific insomnia. He loves Daniel, and hates this strategem by which he has been condemned. All night long the king walks the floor. He cannot sleep. At the least sound he starts and his flesh creeps with horror. He is impatient for the dawning of the morning. At the first streak of the daylight Darius hastens forth to see the fate of Daniel. The heavy palace doors open and clang shut long before the people of the city waken. Darius goes to the den of the lions; he looks in. All is silent. His heart stops. He feels that the very worst has happened, but gathering all his strength, he shouts through the rifts of the rock, "Oh, Daniel, is thy God whom thou servest continually able to deliver thee?" There comes rolling up from the deep darkness a voice which says: "Oh, king, live forever. My God has sent His angel to shut the lions' mouths that they have not hurt me." Then Daniel is brought out from the den. The demagogues are hurled into it, and no sooner have they struck the bottom of the den than their flesh was rent, and their bones cracked and their blood spurted through the rifts of the rock, and, as the lions make the rocks tremble with their roar, they announce to all ages that while God will defend His people, the way of the ungodly shall perish.

Learn first from this subject that the greatest crime that you commit in the eyes of many is the crime of success. What had Daniel done that he should be flung to the lions? He had become prime minister. They could not forgive him for that, and behold in that a touch of unsanctified human nature as seen in all ages of the world. So long as you are pinched in poverty, so long as you are running the gantlet between landlord and taxgatherer, so long as you find it hard work to educate your children, there are people who will say, "Poor man, I am sorry for him; he ought to succeed, poor man." But after awhile the tide turns in your favor. That was a profitable investment you made. You bought just at the right time. Fortune becomes good humored and smiles upon you. Now you are in some department successful and your success chills some one. Those men who used to sympathize with you stand along the street, and they scowl at you from under the rim of their hats. You have more money or more influence than they have, and you ought to be scowled at from under the rim of their hats. You catch a word or two as you pass by them. "Stuck up," says one. "Got it dishonestly," says another. "Will burst soon," says a third. Every stone in your new house is laid on their hearts. Your horse's hoofs went over their nerves. Every item of your success has been to them an item of discomfort and despair. Just as soon as in any respect you rise above your fellows, if you are more virtuous, if you are more wise, if you are more influential, you cast a shadow on the prospect of others.

The road to honor and success is with-in reach of the enemy's guns. Jealousy says, "Stay down or I'll knock you down." "I do not like you," says the snowflake to the snow-bird. "Why don't you like me?" said the snowbird. "Oh," said the snowflake, "you are going up and I am coming down."

Young merchants, young lawyers, young doctors, young mechanics, young artists, young farmers, at certain times there are those to sympathize with you, but now that you are becoming a master of your particular occupation or profession, how is it now, young lawyers, young doctors, young artists, young farmers,—how is it now? The greatest crime that you can commit is the crime of success.

Again, my subject impresses me with the value of decision of character in any department. Daniel knew that if he continued his adherence to the religion of the Lord he would be hurled to the lions, but, having set his compass well, he sailed right on. For the lack of that element of decision of character, so eminent in Daniel, many men are ruined for this world, and ruined for the world to come. A great many at forty years of age are not settled in any respect, because they have not been able to make up their minds. Perhaps they will go west; perhaps they will go east; perhaps they will not; perhaps they will go north; perhaps they may go south; perhaps they will not; perhaps they may make that investment in real estate or in railroads; perhaps they will not. They are like a steamer that should go out of New York harbor, starting for Glasgow, and the next

day should change for Havre de Grace, and the next for Charleston and the next for Boston and the next for Liverpool. These men on the sea of life everlastingly tacking ship and making no headway. Or they are like a man who starts to build a house in the Corinthian style and changes it to Doric, and then completes it in the Ionic, the curse of all styles of architecture. Young man, start right and keep on. Have decision of character. Character is like the goldfinch of Tonquin; it is magnificent while standing firm, but loses all its beauty in flight. How much decision of character in order that these young men may be Christians! Their old associates make sarcastic flings at them. They go on excursions and they do not invite them. They prophesy that he will give out. They wonder if he is not getting wings. As he passes, they grimace and wink and chuckle and say, "There goes a saint." Oh, young man, have decision of character. You can afford in this matter of religion to be laughed at. What do you care for the scoffs of these men, who are affronted because you will not go to ruin with them? When the grave cracks open under their feet, and grim messengers push them into it, and eternity comes down hard upon their spirit, and conscience stings, and hopeless ruin lifts them up to hurl them down, will they laugh then?

I learn also from my subject that men may take religion into their worldly business. This is a most appropriate thought at this season of the year, when so many men are starting out in new enterprises. Daniel had enough work to do to occupy six men. All the affairs of state were in his hands—questions of finance, questions of war, of peace; all international questions were for his settlement or adjustment. He must have had a correspondence vast beyond all computation. There was not a man in all the earth who had more to do than Daniel, the secretary of state, and yet we find him three times a day bowing before God in prayer.

There are men in our day who have not a hundredth part of Daniel's engagements who say they are too busy to be religious. They have an idea somehow that religion will spoil their worldly occupation; that it will trip the accountant's pen, or dull the carpenter's saw, or confuse the lawyer's brief, or disarrange the merchant's store shelf. They think religion is impertinent.

They would like to have it very well seated beside them in church on the Sabbath, to find the place in the psalmbook or to nudge them awake when they get sleepy under the didactic discourse, or they would like to have it in the pew on Sabbath evening as they go out, closing the door, saying: "Good night, religion! I'll be back next Sunday!"

Again, I learn from this subject that a man may take religion into his politics. Daniel had all the affairs of state on hand, yet a servant of God. He could not have kept his elevated position unless he had been a thorough politician, and yet all the thrusts of officials and all the danger of disgrace did not make him yield one iota of his high toned religious principle. He stood before that age, he stands before all ages, a specimen of a godly politician. So there have been in our day and in the days of our fathers men as eminent in the service of God as they have been eminent in the service of the state. Such was Benjamin F. Butler, attorney general of New York in the time of your fathers; such was John McLean, of the supreme court of the United States; such was George Briggs, of Massachusetts; such was Theodore Frelinghuysen, of New Jersey—men faithful to the state, at the same time faithful to God. It is absurd to expect that men who have been immersed in political wickedness for thirty or forty years shall come to reformation, and our hope is in the young men who are coming up, that they have patriotic principle and Christian principle side by side when they come to the ballot box and cast their first vote and that they swear allegiance to the government of heaven as well as to the government of the United States. We would have Bunker Hill mean less to them than Calvary, and Lexington mean less to them than Bethlehem. But because there are bad men around the ballot box is no reason why Christian men should retreat from the arena. The last time you ought to give up your child or forsake your child is when it is surrounded by a company of Choctaws, and the last time to surrender the ballot box is when it is surrounded by impurity and dishonesty and all sorts of wickedness.

Daniel stood on a most unpopular platform. He stood firmly, though the demagogues of the day hissed at him and tried to overthrow him. We must carry our religion into our politics.

But there are a great many men who are in favor of taking it into national politics who do not see the importance of taking it into city politics, as though a man were intelligent about the welfare of his neighborhood and had no concern about his own home.

My subject also impresses me with the fact that lions cannot hurt a good man. No man ever got into worse company than Daniel got into when he was thrown into the den. What a rare morsel that fair young man would have been for the hungry monsters! If they had plunged at him, he could not have climbed into a niche beyond the reach of their paw or the snatch of their tooth. They came pleased all around about him, as hunters' hounds at the well known whistle come bounding to his feet. You need not go to Numidia to get many lions. You all have had them after you—the lion of financial distress, the lion of sickness, the lion of persecution. You saw that lion of financial panic putting his mouth down to the earth, and he roared until all the banks and all the insurance companies quaked. With his nostril he scattered the ashes on the domestic hearth. You have had trial after trial, misfortune after misfortune, lion after lion, and yet they have never hurt you if you put your trust in God, and they never will hurt you. They did not hurt Daniel, and they cannot hurt you. The Persians used to think that spring rain falling into seashells would turn into pearls, and I have to tell you that the tears of sorrow turn into precious gems when they drop into God's bottle. You need be afraid of nothing putting your trust in God. Even death, that monster lion whose den is the world's sepulcher and who puts his paw down amid thousands of millions of the dead, cannot frighten you. When in olden times a man was to get the honors of knighthood, he was compelled to go fully armed the night before among the tombs of the dead carrying a sort of spear, and then when the day broke he would come forth, and amid the sound of cornet and great parade he would get the honors of knighthood. And so it will be with the Christian in the night before heaven as fully armed with spear and helmet of salvation he will wait and watch through the darkness until the morning dawns, and then he will take the honors of heaven amid that great throng with snowy robes streaming over seas of sapphire.

Motherhood



Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonial letters we are constantly publishing, we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., \$5,000 which will be paid to any person who will show that the following testimonials are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writers' special permission. —LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

How shall a mother who is weak and sick with some female trouble bear healthy children?
How anxious women ought to be to give their children the blessing of a good constitution!

Many women long for a child to bless their home, but because of some debility or displacement of the female organs, they are barren.

Preparation for healthy maternity is accomplished by **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** more successfully than by any other medicine, because it gives tone and strength to the parts, curing all displacements and inflammation.

Actual sterility in women is very rare. If any woman thinks she is sterile, let her write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., whose advice is given free to all expectant or would-be mothers.

Mrs. A. D. Jarret, Belmont, Ohio, writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I must write and tell you what your Vegetable Compound has done for me. Before taking your medicine I was unable to carry babe to maturity, having lost two—one at six months and one at seven. The doctor said next time I would die, but thanks to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, I did not die, but am the proud mother of a six months old girl baby. She weighs nineteen pounds and has never seen a sick day in her life. She is the delight of our home."

Mrs. Whitney's Gratitude.

"DEAR MR. PINKHAM:—From the time I was sixteen years old till I was twenty-three I was troubled with weakness of the kidneys and terrible pains when my monthly periods came on. I made up my mind to try your Vegetable Compound, and was soon relieved.

The doctor said I never would be able to go my full time and have a living child, as I was constitutionally weak. I had lost a baby at seven months and half. The next time I continued to take your Compound; and I said then, if I went my full time and my baby lived to be three months old, I should send a letter to you. My baby is now seven months old, and is as healthy and hearty as any one could wish. I cannot express my gratitude to you. I was so bad that I did not dare to go away from home to stay any length of time. Praise God for Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; and may others who are suffering do as I did and find relief. Wishing you success in the future as in the past, and may many homes be brightened as mine has been."—MRS. L. Z. WHITNEY, 4 Flint St., Somerville, Mass.

The medicine that cures the ills of women is
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

LIBBY'S

PORK AND BEANS

There is one flavor in pork and beans that all people like. It was devised in the rural homes of New England. It has made Boston the synonym of beans.

In our kitchen we get exactly that flavor. Our beans are cooked by an expert. We put them up in key-opening cans. Your grocer will supply you.

Plenty of other canned beans, but that flavor comes only in Libby's.

LIBBY, McNEILL & LIBBY
Chicago

Send a postal for our booklet, "How to Make Good Things to Eat."

Don't Stop Tobacco Suddenly!

It injures nervous system to do so. **BACO-GURO** is the only cure that Really Cures BACO-GURO and notices you when to stop. Sold with a guarantee that three boxes will cure any case. BACO-GURO is vegetable and harmless. It has cured thousands, it will cure you. At all druggists or by mail prepaid, \$1.00 a box; 3 boxes, \$2.50. Booklet free. Write **EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., La Crosse, Wis.**

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY: gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment free. Dr. E. H. GREEN'S BOX, Box 2, Atlanta, Ga.

ADVERTISING IN THIS PAPER PAYS.—NYNU 45

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

\$3.00 W.L. DOUGLAS SHOES \$3.50

The real worth of W. L. Douglas \$5.00 and \$3.50 shoes compared with other makes is \$4.00 to \$5.00. Our \$4.00 Edge Line cannot be equaled at any price. Over 1,000,000 satisfied wearers.

WE USE FAST COLOR EYELETS
One pair of W. L. Douglas \$5.00 and \$3.50 shoes will positively outwear two pairs of ordinary shoes.
FACTORY, BROCKTON, MASS.

We are the largest makers of men's \$5 and \$3.50 shoes in the world. We make and sell more \$3 and \$3.50 shoes than any other two manufacturers in the U. S.

BEST \$3.50 SHOE
The reputation of W. L. Douglas \$5.00 and \$3.50 shoes for style, comfort, and wear is known everywhere throughout the world. They have to give better satisfaction than other makes because the standard has always been placed so high that the wearers expect more and the extra for carriage than they can get elsewhere.

THE REASON more W. L. Douglas \$5 and \$3.50 shoes are sold than any other make is because **THEY ARE THE BEST**. Your dealer should keep them; we give one dealer exclusive sale in each town. Take no substitute! Insist on having W. L. Douglas shoes with name and price stamped on bottom. If your dealer will not get them for you, send direct to Factory, enclosing price and size, extra for carriage. State kind of leather, size, and width, plain or cap toe. Our shoes will reach you anywhere. Catalogue free. **W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., Brockton, Mass.**

My neighbor's child was given up, the family concluded it would be useless to make further efforts to save it, but on being persuaded, they administered **FREY'S VERMIFUGE**, and over 100 worms were expelled. The child recovered. —GIVEN HITCHCOCK, Near Zanesville, Ohio. 25 cents at Druggists, country stores or by mail. A perfect tonic for children. **E. & S. FREY, Baltimore, Md.**

If afflicted with sore eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

The Mapleton Item

I. N. SWOPE, Editor & Proprietor.

THE "ITEM" WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT THE FOLLOWING RATES IN ADVANCE:

ONE YEAR, \$1.00
SIX MONTHS, .50
THREE MONTHS, .25

Entered at the Post Office at Mapleton Depot, Pa., as second-class matter.

COLE'S SUMMIT.

Stove fixing time is at hand. Charming autumnal weather. Teachers are planning for a great time at the institute next week.

The pensive turkey now sadly dreams of the approaching Thanksgiving time.

Rabbit season is in, and, if one can judge by the hunters you see, poor bunny has a hard time of it.

M. V. Long who was home from New Jersey for a few days has returned, taking his sister Almeda with him.

T. G. Smith is still keeping bachelor's hall. He seems to enjoy it however and is jolly and happy as a wood-sawyer.

A good wideawake, consecrated home missionary would not be amiss in the community of Meadow Green, Clay township.

The writer made a trip through Trough Creek valley recently and must say never saw wheat looking better this early in the fall.

Did you know a teaspoonfull of sulphur put in your shoes two or three times a week will keep you from taking cold this changeable weather.

Jacob Long's sale did not bring near what he had hoped financially. He kept a part of his stock and now the contemplated visit for the winter in Philadelphia has gone to the winds.

Why is it some young men teachers will persist in the use of tobacco, cider and wine when the public kindly gives them schools. We hope the time will soon come when we may have teachers who will practice what they teach.

Blaine Locke thinks he can weigh the largest pumpkin in this neck of woods as the largest one from his mother's garden tips the scales at 35 pounds. Several others weighed from 24 to 30 pounds and the kind that make the luscious pumpkin pie, too.

Recent visitors to Cole's were: Mrs. E. L. Roher, of near Seale; Miss Anna Edwards, of Cook's Mills; Mr. Bruce Swope, of Trough Creek; Miss Amy Hess, of Fulton county; Jessie Keith, of near Meadow Green, Samuel Greenland and James Park, of Cherry Grove.

Sabbath school at Fairview was well attended on Sabbath last. Two of the scholars deserve great credit for always being in their places as they are seldom absent, yet they are well up in 80 years, namely, F. B. Moreland and William Stake.

Used by British Soldiers in Africa.

Capt. C. G. Dennison is well known all over Africa as commander of the forces that captured the famous rebel Galishe. Under date of Nov. 4, 1897, from Vryburg, Bechuanaland, he writes: "Before starting on the last campaign I bought a quantity of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which I used myself when troubled with bowel complaint, and had given to my men, and in every case it proved most beneficial." For sale by J. G. Gillam.

Fresh Meat at Low Prices.

Roast, 9 cents per pound; boiling beef 7 cents; sirloin or round steak 10 cents per pound. Honest weight and good meat. Your patronage solicited. E. H. WELKER.

—If you have ever seen a child in the agony of croup you can realize how grateful mothers are for One Minute Cough Cure which gives relief as soon as it is administered. It quickly cures coughs, colds and all throat and lung troubles. A. B. Gillam, J. L. Houck.

A Word to Farmers.

Farmers and others desiring to purchase fruit or ornamental trees are urged to correspond with me before purchasing. The stock I have sold in this county in the past years has proven true to name and the trees were healthy. This ought to be convincing evidence that it is better to buy from reliable home agents than from strangers. I intend canvassing the county thoroughly this season and want your patronage. L. C. CORBIN, Huntingdon, Pa. 9-28-98tf

—When you want prompt acting little pills that never gripe use De Witt's Little Early Risers. A. B. Gillam, J. L. Houck.

He Just Played On.

Over in Terre Haute, "on the banks of the Wabash," there is a brass band which has for a good many years borne the reputation of being one of the best in the state. Whenever this band appears on the streets of Terre Haute or any other city in Indiana it is sure to attract a crowd and the quality of the music it renders makes this fact easily accounted for, says the Indianapolis News. The band has a solo alto player who is a genius in his way. He can play anything that can be blown into or scratched with a bow, and his part in the "music by the band" is always an important one. This artist is a German, more or less phlegmatic in temperament. It has often been said that nothing seemed to rattle him when out with the band, and his stolidity in the face of accidents is a by-word with the other members of the band. Street cars have run into the parade, runaway horses and teams have scattered the other members of the band like chaff before the wind, but the solo alto kept serenely on without even losing step. The other members of the band look on Gus as a kind of uncanny being, absolutely devoid of nerves.

On a recent Sunday the band was engaged to play at the base ball park in Terre Haute, and while waiting for the car that was to take them out a storm came up. The band went to Seventh and Main streets to "wait till the clouds rolled by," and while waiting they gave the guests of the Terre Haute house, at the corner, a serenade. Several selections were played, but still the rain kept up, or down, and lightning began to blaze.

Finally, as the band was getting in its best licks at "On the Banks of the Wabash," the storm reached its climax. The front of the hotel is ornamented with several towers above the fourth story, and just as Gus was beating down strong on the solo part of the air so dear to Terre Haute people, lightning struck one of the towers and ran down the front of the building. The bolt was of sufficient force to create a panic. Chairs were overturned and their occupants knocked "galley west," tiling from the roof fell in a shower, and the members of the band were hurled into the street or against the wall of the hotel. The man who operates the tuba was thrown into the middle of the street car tracks, and others were lying around in more or less picturesque attitudes for half a block. All except Gus. When the smoke cleared away there stood the solo alto playing away as if nothing had happened and competent witnesses declare that he never missed a note. With his eyes half closed, he was blowing away at "The Banks of the Wabash," and not until he reached the end did he pause. Then he looked around for the rest of the band and asked, in a surprised tone: "Vot's de matter off you fellers?"

Nobody has told him yet; they say it wouldn't be any use, because Dewey on the bridge at Manila was in a panic compared with Gus.

There is no pleasure in life if you dread going to the table to eat and can't rest at night on account of indigestion. Henry Williams, of Boonville, Ind., says he suffered that way for years, till he commenced the use of Kodol Dyspepsia Cure, and adds, "Now I can eat anything I like and all I want and sleep soundly every night." Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will digest what you eat. A. B. Gillam, J. L. Houck.

Body and Soul.

The man's constitution, body and soul are wonderfully united. In the fall both came under the power of sin and death. In redemption deliverance has been provided for both. He that believes with the heart comes with the body to be baptized. It is a token that the whole exterior physical life is to be his too. We need to be on the watch lest the pursuit of the inner life leads us to neglect the external. A heart sprinkled with blood, a body washed with pure water from every stain, these God has joined together. Let no man separate them. Our body is very specially the temple of the Holy Spirit. In the body the Father is to be glorified. Like Christ, we must yield our body with every member, every power, every action, to fulfill His will, to be offered up to Him, to glorify Him. Through the body Satan conquered in paradise. In the body he tempted Christ. Our eating and drinking, our sleeping, our clothing, our labor and relaxation, these things have more influence on our spiritual life than we know.—Andrew Murray.

—DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the best liver pills ever made. Easy to take and never gripe. A. B. Gillam, J. L. Houck.

School Reports.

Following are the reports of Mapleton borough schools for second month ending November 2, 1900:

No. 1—Frances Isenberg, teacher.

	Males	Females	Total
Whole No. enrolled	31	14	45
Average attendance	28	13	41
Per cent. of "	93	98	95

The following named pupils missed no time during the month: Ruth O'Connor, Laura Lamberson, Lorna Stubbs, Amanda McHugh, Stella Fisher, Josephine Himes, Etta Henderson, Melva Dell, Alice Holden, Eva Moore, Earl O'Connor, Ray Long, Ernest Miller, Blair Shore, John Corbin, Leo Moore, Cloyd Long, Boyd Wertz, Cloyd Buchanan, Robert Turnbaugh, Lee O'Connor, Edward Matthews, Vernon Neice, Cecil O'Connor, Irvin Mounts, John Turnbaugh, Ernest Hooper, Brinton Dell, Marion Cree. Visitors 3.

No. 2—Lottie E. Smith, teacher.

	Males	Females	Total
Whole No. enrolled	15	17	32
Average attendance	14	14	28
Per cent. of "	93	94	94

The following named pupils missed no time during the month: Walter Grove, Chester Gillam, George Miller, Harold Spangler, Harry Turnbaugh, Victor Wallett, Chas. Young, Maud Barclay, Esther Brown, Mattie Bringer, Flora Dell, Mary Hooper, Hattie Lamberson, Olive Morgan, Tillie Neice, Pearl Neice, Ethel Wood, Myrtle Wilson. Visitors 3.

No. 3—Ella M. Grove, teacher.

	Males	Females	Total
Whole No. enrolled	19	5	24
Average attendance	16	4	20
Per cent. of "	82	94	88

The following pupils missed no time during the month: Chas. O'Connor, Chas. Shore, William Hooper, Roy O'Connor, Robert McCarl, Edward Spangler, Clinton Dell, Luther Skipper, Georgie Dell. Visitors 1.

No. 4—G. W. Wright, teacher.

	Males	Females	Total
Whole No. enrolled	9	8	17
Average attendance	7	7	14
Per cent. of "	91	92	92

Those who missed no time were Ettie McDonald, Myrtle Myton, Lulu McDonald, Jettie Moore, Ada McDonald, Loy McCarl, Charles Wertz, Glenn McLaughlin. Visitors 2.

Tetter, Salt-Rheum and Eczema.

The intense itching and smarting incident to these diseases is instantly allayed by applying Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment. Many very bad cases have been permanently cured by it. It is equally efficient for itching piles and a favorite remedy for sore nipples, chapped hands, chilblains, frost bites and chronic sore eyes. 25cts. per box. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

DR. CADY'S CONDITION POWDERS are just what a horse needs when in bad condition. Tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. They are not food but medicine and the best in use to put a horse in prime condition. Price 25 cents per package. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Estate of A. Jackson White,

Letters of administration having been granted the undersigned on the estate of A. Jackson White, late of Union township, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons owing said estate to make payment of indebtedness and to those having claims against said estate to present same at once duly authenticated for settlement.

Mapleton Depot, Pa., Oct. 15, 1900. 6t

ESTRAY NOTICE.—Came to the premises of the undersigned in Union township, four and one-half miles south of Mapleton, on or about October 15th three head of young cattle: One red steer mixed with gray, slit in each ear; about two years old. White heifer about one and a half years old; slit in right ear and notch in left ear. White and red heifer about 2 years old; have been holes in both ears, hole in left ear is torn out. The owner is hereby notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away. Otherwise they will be disposed of according to law. ABRAM SHAFFER. October 30, 1900.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE

OF VALUABLE
REAL ESTATE.

Estate of A. Jackson White, late of Union township, deceased.

The undersigned administrator of said A. Jackson White, deceased, by virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of the County of Huntingdon, will expose to sale at the Court House in Huntingdon, Pa., on

Saturday, December 1, 1900 at 1 p. m., the following described real estate, viz:

A tract of land situate in Union township, Huntingdon county, Pennsylvania, about one and one-half miles northwest of Mapleton, containing about 22 acres more or less bounded on the west by land of J. W. Wright, on the south by land of S. A. Anderson, on the east by land of W. T. Boring and on the north by land of Philip Shields, having thereon erected a two story frame dwelling house and frame barn. About sixteen acres of above tract are cleared and in a fair state of cultivation, balance is timbered with Rock Oak and other valuable timber. On the premises is an orchard containing over four hundred bearing fruit trees of the choicest varieties of fruit. Also at the same time and place will be offered for sale a lot of ground situate in the borough of Huntingdon fronting about 50 feet on Stone Creek road and extending back west about twelve perches to Willoughby's line, bounded on the north by lot of Sodom Lott and on the south by lot of Sadie Richardson.

TERMS OF SALE: Ten per cent. when property is struck down, 23 1/2 per cent. on confirmation of sale by the Court and the balance in two equal annual payments with interest to be secured by judgment or mortgage of the purchaser.

A. W. SWOPE, Adm'r, Mapleton Depot, Pa.
W. H. & J. S. Woods, Attys., Huntingdon Pa.
October 27, 1900.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested that the following inventories of the goods and chattels set apart to widows under the Act of the 14th day of April, 1851, have been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court of Huntingdon county, and will be confirmed nisi on December 5, 1900. If no exceptions be filed thereto the same will be confirmed absolutely February 6, 1900.

1. SWIVEL. Inventory of the personal property of John Swivel, late of Huntingdon, deceased, as taken by his widow, Fannie Swivel.
2. SMITH. Inventory of the personal property of W. W. Smith, late of Cass township, deceased, as taken by his widow, Laura M. Smith.
3. BOOTH. Inventory of the personal property of W. H. Booth, late of Springfield township, deceased as taken by his widow, Jane A. Booth.
4. MILLER. Inventory of the personal property of Frederick Miller, late of Dublin township, deceased, as taken by his widow Mary Ann Miller.

Office of Clerk O. C., B. F. GODARD,
Nov. 6, 1900. Clerk Orphans' Court.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given to all persons interested that the following named persons have settled their accounts in the Register's office at Huntingdon, and that the said accounts will be confirmed nisi December 5, 1900, and absolutely December 11, 1900.

1. CYPHER. First and final account of Margaret Cypher, executrix of John Cypher, late of the township of Carbon, deceased.
2. PORTER. First and partial account of Edwin R. Baldrige, administrator d. b. n. c. t. a. of John Porter, late of Alexandria, Huntingdon County, Pa., deceased.
3. McMURTRIE. First and final account of E. S. McMurtree, executor of the will of Mary McMurtree, of Huntingdon, deceased.
4. McMURTRIE. First and final account of E. S. McMurtree, trustee for Mary McMurtree, deceased, under the will of W. E. McMurtree, deceased.
5. AYERS. First and final account of Samuel Ayers, administrator of the estate of John W. Ayers, late of Jackson township, deceased.
6. LAIRD. Second and final account of Alfred M. Laird and Howard Laird, administrators of Robert A. Laird, late of Porter township, deceased, with distribution annexed.
7. KNOBE. First and final account of S. H. Knobe administrator of the estate of Martha Knobe, late of Porter township, deceased.
8. SHOUP. First and final account of H. B. Shoup, administrator of the estate of Casper Shoup, late of Tell township, deceased.
9. MIERLY. First and final account of John Mierly, administrator of George Mierly, late of Cass township, deceased.
10. WIGTON. First and final account of J. C. Dysart, administrator c. t. a. of Christopher Wigton, late of Franklin township, deceased, with distribution annexed.
11. KRIDER. The first and partial account of John M. Shank, administrator of Elizabeth Krider, late of Warriorsburg township, deceased.
12. HEFRIGHT. First and final account of Julia Hefright and M. Virginia Kuntzelman, administrators of Lewis Hefright, late of Huntingdon, deceased, with distribution annexed.

Register's office, B. F. GODARD,
Nov. 6, 1900. Register.

—DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve will quickly heal the worst burns and scalds and not leave a scar. It can be applied to cuts and raw surfaces with prompt and soothing effect. Use it for piles and skin diseases. Beware of worthless counterfeits. A. B. Gillam, J. L. Houck.

UNION NATIONAL BANK OF HUNTINGDON.

No. 113 Fourth St.

K. ALLEN LOVELL, President.
E. M. GREENE, Vice President.

R. J. MATTERN, Cashier
DIRECTORS.

J. C. Hazlett, E. M. Greene, R. J. Mattern, K. A. Lovell and John White.

Regular Discount Day—WEDNESDAY.

Deposits received subject to check. Collections made in all parts of the world, and a regular banking business transacted. Accounts with corporations, firms, individuals, and the business public generally, opened on most favorable terms. B13z.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure.

Digests what you eat. It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion. Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

A. B. Gillam, J. L. Houck.

SPRING AND SUMMER

Our Clothing Is
Made at Home Now

Fit of Every
Garment Guaranteed

Prices Reasonable. Come In
and Inspect Our Spring Suitings

See our fine line of Spring Furnishings. All new and up to date. Nobby styles in hats, ties, shirts, gloves, etc. Our stock is larger than ever. Give us a call.

JOE S. MILLER, TAILOR & GENT'S' FURNISHER,

422 Penn Street,
Huntingdon, Pa.

BUSINESS CARDS.

E. H. WELKER, Proprietor

JUNIATA HOUSE.

Livery and Feed Stable in connection. Rates reasonable. Also, proprietor Mapleton Meat Market.

A. W. SWOPE

—JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.—

All business entrusted with him will receive proper attention.

Office on Main street.

W. H. WOODS, JAMES S. WOODS,
Notary Public,

W. H. & J. S. WOODS,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

No. 327 Penn Street. HUNTINGDON, PA.

W. W. WITHINGTON,

PENSION ATTORNEY,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Pension claims of Ex-Soldiers of Civil and Spanish wars, and claims of widows carefully prosecuted. Office near U. S. Pension Office. Address, Station 64. 2m

DR. E. M. SLONAKER,

DENTIST,

HUNTINGDON, PENN'A.

Try my local anesthetic for positively painless extraction. 9-9-06.

S. P. STUBBS,

—CARPET WEAVER.—

and dealer in all kinds of Carpet Chain and Materials.

Prompt attention to business and satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable.

J. G. SPANGLER, M. D.,

—PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,—

Office on Main Street, adjoining residence.

THE "ITEM"

\$1.00 per Year.

IF

YOU HAVE NOT

been to A. B. GILLAM'S store lately, you have not

SEEN THE IMPROVEMENTS

THAT HAVE BEEN MADE.

No need to tell our regular patrons because they all know that the greatest variety of goods and lowest prices are found here. Our stock of

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS AND GROCERIES

will be found to be of the choicest kind.

SHOES.

We still have some shoes and will add others to them each week, that will be sold at cost.

BLANKETS.

Our stock of blankets, haps, etc., is complete, and will be sold at a very low figure.

UNDERWEAR.

Now is the time to buy your underwear. We have quite a variety of men's, ladies' and children's.

In fact you will find everything that goes to make up a good store.

All marketable produce taken in exchange for goods.

Give us a share of your patronage.

A. B. GILLAM,

Mapleton Depot, - Pa.

The Mapleton Item.

Mapleton Depot, Pa., Nov. 7, 1900.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MAY 27, 1900.

	P.M.	Night	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
New York	9.00	12.15	.....	10.00	1.00	.....
Philadelphia	11.20	4.25	7.12	8.50	12.25	4.30
Washington	10.00	.....	7.20	7.45	10.00	.....
Baltimore	11.41	4.50	8.45	8.45	11.45	.....
Harrisburg	3.00	8.00	11.48	11.45	3.45	5.00
Rockville	.....	8.12	11.59	.....	5.13	.....
Marysville	3.14	8.17	12.03	.....	5.18	.....
Duncannon	3.29	8.35	12.16	.....	5.34	.....
Newport	3.52	9.05	12.37	.....	5.60	.....
Millerstown	.....	9.15	12.45	.....	6.11	.....
Thompsonstown	.....	9.26	12.53	.....	6.21	.....
Port Royal	4.25	9.44	1.07	.....	6.38	.....
Mifflin	4.30	9.50	1.11	.....	6.43	.....
Lewistown	4.52	10.13	1.30	1.10	5.22	7.07
McVeytown	5.15	10.38	1.49	.....	5.42	7.30
N. Hamilton	5.33	11.00	2.06	.....	5.59	7.50
Mount Union	5.39	11.06	2.10	.....	6.03	7.56
Mapleton	5.45	11.13	2.15	.....	6.08	8.02
Huntingdon	6.03	11.32	2.29	2.01	6.22	8.20
Petersburg	6.19	11.47	2.43	.....	6.33	.....
Birmingham	6.46	12.13	3.07	2.34	6.54	8.56
Tyrone	6.52	12.20	3.12	2.40	6.59	9.02
Bellwood	7.17	12.41	3.29	.....	7.18	9.20
Altoona	7.40	1.00	3.45	3.10	7.35	9.35
Pittsburg	12.10	5.50	8.40	6.55	11.30	1.50

Harrisburg 10.20, Rockville 10.31, Marysville 10.34, Duncannon 10.47, Newport 11.06, Millerstown 11.14, Mifflin 11.40, Lewistown Junction 11.58, p. m. Huntingdon 12.55, Tyron 1.32, Altoona 2.00, Pittsburg 5.30 a. m.

"h" stops to take on passengers for Pittsburg and beyond.

"i" stops on signal to receive or let off passengers Sundays only.

"l" stops on signal to let off passengers from points east and south of Harrisburg, and to take on passengers for Pittsburg and beyond.

Week days	D'y	D'y	D'y	D'y	D'y	D'y
	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Pittsburg	4.40	7.15	11.40	2.05	5.55	9.05
Altoona	4.52	7.30	11.52	2.19	6.10	9.19
Bellwood	5.04	7.48	12.03	2.35	6.27	9.33
Tyrone	5.08	7.53	12.07	2.40	6.32	9.37
Birmingham	5.25	8.17	12.29	2.58	6.50	9.55
Petersburg	5.37	8.30	12.35	3.17	7.10	10.12
Huntingdon	5.51	8.47	12.49	3.35	7.24	10.26
Mapleton	5.56	8.53	12.54	3.42	7.29	10.32
McVeytown	6.01	8.58	1.00	3.47	7.34	10.37
N. Hamilton	6.17	9.15	1.14	4.08	7.51	10.54
Lewistown	6.38	9.35	1.33	4.33	8.10	11.16
Mifflin	6.58	9.55	1.50	4.55	8.30	11.37
Port Royal	7.02	9.59	.....	5.00	8.34	.....
Thompsonstown	7.17	10.14	.....	5.18	8.48	.....
Millerstown	7.26	10.22	.....	5.28	8.57	.....
Newport	7.35	10.32	2.24	5.39	9.05	.....
Duncannon	8.00	10.54	2.44	6.08	9.29	.....
Marysville	8.13	11.07	2.56	6.26	9.43	.....
Rockville	8.18	11.12	3.02	6.32	9.48	.....
Harrisburg	8.30	11.25	3.10	6.45	10.00	1.00

Pittsburg 5.50, Altoona 6.10, Tyron 6.30, Huntingdon 7.00, Harrisburg 9.10 A. M. daily.

P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Balti	11.55	11.55	3.15	6.10	9.50	2.35
Wag'tn	1.00	1.00	4.10	8.15	10.55	4.05
Phila.	11.48	11.52	3.17	6.23	10.20	4.25
New York	2.13	2.13	6.03	9.30	3.53	7.13

Additional trains are run as under:

Leave Pittsburg 8.30 P. M. daily, Altoona 12.15 A. M., Huntingdon 1.10 A. M.; arrive Harrisburg 3.40 A. M., Philadelphia 6.52 A. M. Leave Pittsburg 7.30 A. M. daily, Altoona 11.05 A. M., Tyron 11.30 A. M., Huntingdon 12.03 P. M., Lewistown Junction 1.02 P. M., arrive Harrisburg 2.40 P. M., Philadelphia 5.47 P. M., New York, Desbrosses and Cortlandt Sts. 8.08; W. Twenty-third St. Station 8.20 P. M., Baltimore 6.10 P. M., Washington 8.15 P. M. *Week-days only. "g" stops to let off passengers from Pittsburg and beyond, and to take on passengers for Harrisburg and beyond. "f" stops on signal only.

Connecting trains leave as follows: At Lewistown Junction.—For Sunbury 7.30 A. M. and 3.10 P. M. week days. For Milroy 7.55, 11.42 A. M. and 3.00 P. M. week days. At Huntingdon.—For Bedford and Cumberland 8.35 A. M. and 7.15 P. M. week days. Bedford only 8.00 A. M. Sundays. At Tyron.—For Clearfield and Curwensville 8.20 A. M., 3.20 and 7.20 P. M. week days. For Bellefonte and Lock Haven 8.10 A. M., 12.30 and 7.15 P. M. week days. For Scottdale 7.50 A. M. and 3.15 P. M. week days. For further information apply to ticket agents, or Thomas E. Watt, Passenger Agent, Western Division, Corner Fifth Avenue and Smithfield Street, Pittsburg.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Manager, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

EAST BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect Sept. 7, 1898.

NORTH.			SOUTH.		
Irreg. No. 1	Mail No. 2	Mail No. 3	Irreg. No. 1	Mail No. 2	Mail No. 3
7.48	12.50	6.20	11.39	6.39	7.04
8.00	1.02	6.32	11.24	6.27	6.54
8.12	1.14	6.44	11.09	6.15	6.34
8.40	1.42	7.12	10.39	5.30	6.01
8.48	1.50	7.20	10.30	5.21	5.54
9.00	2.03	7.32	10.15	5.07	5.42
9.15	2.18	7.46	9.53	4.44	5.30
2.35	8.01	.....	9.38	4.29	.....
2.44	8.10	.....	9.30	4.21	.....
3.06	8.32	.....	9.15	4.06	.....

Irreg. No. 7, leaves Robertsdale 5.03 P. M., Cook's 5.13, Cole's 5.25, Sattillo 5.45, Three Springs 5.53, Pogue 6.05, arrive at Rockhill 6.20 P. M. Irreg. No. 8, leaves Rockhill 2.20 P. M., Pogue 2.32, Three Springs 2.44, Sattillo 2.51, Cole's 3.31, Cook's 3.43, arrive at Robertsdale 3.43 P. M.

SHADE GAP BRANCH.

WEST.			EAST		
Irreg. No. 10	Mail No. 11	Mail No. 12	Irreg. No. 9	Mail No. 10	Mail No. 11
5.50	7.25	.....	6.30	4.55	.....
5.43	7.18	.....	6.37	5.02	.....
5.35	7.10	.....	6.45	5.10	.....
5.31	7.06	.....	6.49	5.14	.....
5.25	7.00	.....	6.55	5.20	.....

Mail trains Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 10 and 11 and irregular trains 9 and 12 run daily except Sunday. Irregular trains 5, 6, 7 and 8 do not run daily, but carry passengers when run. *Flag stations. Beersville changed to Pogue. A. W. GREENWOOD, Superintendent.

EPWORTH LEAGUE.

Topic For the Week Beginning Nov. 11, "Decision For Christ." Text, Luke xiv, 25-33.

"Whoever he be of you that forsaketh not all that he hath cannot be My disciple."

That is strange language for one to use who seeks popularity. It does not sound much like the ordinary invitation in revival services. Nor does it seem adapted to secure a large and enthusiastic following. It is rather narrow gauge and lacks persuasiveness. It is not alluring to the easy going and luxury seeking. It has a repellent tone for lovers of pleasure and self indulgent ones.

But there is no mistaking the terms; they are stated clearly. "If any man come to Me and hate not his father and mother and wife and children and brethren and sisters—yea, and his own life also—he cannot be My disciple."

It does not look as if He was anxious to increase the number of His followers if these are His terms of companionship or else He will have a band of devoted ones who shall be equal to all demands and efficient in all emergencies. Apparently it is quality and not quantity which is of prime importance. Absolute devotion and unswerving obedience count for more than numbers.

Great multitudes are with Him. They have great expectations of what advantage they shall have by joining His company. Their ideas, however, are almost totally different from His. Their desires are one thing, His intentions are entirely contrary. Their presence will only hinder and embarrass Him. His purpose and plans are fixed and cannot change. He knows human nature, its needs and possibilities. He has resolved on His own course. Their ideas and whole attitude must change completely to be in harmony with Him. Their selfishness must give place to loving regard for others; their pride be replaced by humility; their stubbornness by teachableness, fickleness by fixity of purpose.

They profess to love their families and friends when in reality they know nothing of real love. He will show them how unfitted they are to remain with Him.

Some will be stimulated by the very difficulty and seeming harshness of the terms to choose His service. Some will read under the peculiar expressions, deeper meaning, and will not rest until they have mastered the mystery and found the Master's meaning of life. Others will turn away, some contemptuously, some stolidly, some sorrowfully, but all reckoning the price too great to pay.

Decision is challenged by the announcement of such rigid terms of discipleship. They remain unchanged till now. If ye will follow the Christ, ye must leave all else. His service is an exclusive one. He tolerates no rivals, no division of heart, interest and devotion. He will have all or nothing.

If this looks severe, spend a little time in examination of the matter and see if He could in any way modify the terms without sacrificing and ruining all. You may mingle oil and water if you have proper skill and knowledge, but no skill can compound righteousness and wrong, sin and salvation, Christ's service and worldliness.

He calls for decision, and you will decide.

Which way do you settle it? Will you follow or forsake Him? As you decide toward Him, so does He decide toward you. Which shall it be—friend or foe? Take your choice, but consider well before you turn your back upon Him.

What Will You Do?

You have not been devoting yourself faithfully to the work of Christ in the church recently. Various things have hindered. You have lost the former interest and enthusiasm which you felt. It is difficult to get back into the old tracks or to get on to new ones that are satisfactory. You scarcely realize it, but it is a fact nevertheless, you are drifting. You are doing things which harm yourself and others. Duties are neglected, though very plain. You are not at peace and are growing careless, indifferent and somewhat harsh in spirit.

What are you going to do about it?

Why not get back into the prayer meeting? Follow up the preaching service a little more closely. Would it not be a good thing to begin family prayers again, or are you too weak and ashamed to try it. The boys and girls are getting large and are not so easily held as they once were. Some of their doings trouble you. They are getting beyond your control. Where will it all end? Are you afraid to follow your convictions of right? If so, God pity those who look to you for an example. It is a shame for a godly man or woman to have a profane son or godless daughter. It is not necessary. Better get more religion and sound sense, and the chances are ten to one the children will also change.

—Many people worry because they believe they have heart disease. The chances are that their hearts are all right but their stomachs are unable to digest food. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat and prevents the formation of gas which makes the stomach press against the heart, it will cure every form of indigestion. A. B. Gillam, J. L. Houck.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Topic For the Week Beginning Nov. 11—Comment by Rev. S. H. Doyle. Text.—A decision for Christ.—Luke xiv, 25-33.

This discourse of Christ on the high requirements of true discipleship was spoken in Perea while He was on His last journey to Jerusalem. The shadow of the cross was already upon Him. Every day brought Him one day nearer to Calvary. The crowds still pressed upon Him. That they might not be deceived and led lightly into doing that which was most serious He revealed to them by precept and illustration the high requirements of true discipleship. This was not to turn them away, but to enable them to see clearly what it meant to decide for Him, before the step was taken, that after they had reached a decision they should never regret it or prove false to it. The high requirements of discipleship should not hinder us in our desires to be Christ's disciples, but should caution us against lightly entering into this relationship to Christ. We should count the cost, but we should never hesitate to pay the cost.

1. True discipleship requires that Christ shall have the first place in our hearts and lives. Father, mother, wife, children, brethren, sisters—yea, life itself—must be hated for Christ's sake. This does not mean that they are to be actively hated. For a man to hate his own life he would have to take it to become a disciple. It was the strongest expression that Christ could use to teach that no human affections, no home ties, were to usurp His place in the hearts and lives of His disciples. He must be first or discipleship will be but a name and not a reality.

2. True discipleship requires cross bearing. "Whoever doth not bear his cross and follow Me cannot be My disciple." Christ bore His cross. We must bear ours and thus follow Him. Discipleship is not mere enthusiasm, mere ecstatic feeling; it is doing often, at great cost and sacrifice, what Christ wants us to do.

3. Discipleship entered into without counting the cost is both foolish and dangerous. Christ illustrates its folly in the story of a man building a tower who had not first counted the cost and was unable to finish it. A half completed tower would be a monument of the folly of the man who commenced to build it. A half performed discipleship would be an example of the same folly. The danger of a lightly entered into discipleship is illustrated by the case of a king who, with only 10,000 men, would thoughtlessly go to war with one who had 20,000 men. How easily he would be vanquished! Just as easily would the man be defeated who entered the warfare of Christian discipleship unless he had first counted the cost and prepared himself for the conflict.

The requirements of discipleship are high. Shall we refuse to decide for Christ because of this fact? No. What we cannot do God can help us to do or do for us. As disciples of Christ we build not in our own strength, but in His strength; we fight not alone with our own powers and weapons, but He fights with and for us. Weak in ourselves, we can do all things through Christ, who strengthened us. Let us count the cost, but let us pay it. What we cannot do God will enable us to do.

THE PRAYER MEETING.

Have a decision service. Give an opportunity to associate members to decide for Christ.

BIBLE READINGS.

Ex. xxxii, 26; Josh. xxiv, 14-18; Ruth 1, 16, 17; Isa. lv, 6, 7; Mark ii, 13, 14; John i, 35-37; xix, 19-29; Acts ii, 37-41; viii, 26-40; xvi, 25-33.

Our Daily Duty.

We need not be discouraged if our work seems to be a small one. When God works by men, He uses only small beginnings. The mustard seed was an illustration of His kingdom upon earth, and from it may be drawn a picture of the church to which all nations in time will come, but what we must be individually concerned about is our daily duty and the motive which prompts us in performing it, for too little value is placed upon the little duties which fall to the share of each one. Many regard these with indifference or contempt and try in every possible way to shirk or neglect them. The result is that they are either thrown over on other shoulders already overburdened or neglected altogether.—Lutheran.

The men who find easy situations are those who have mastered difficult ones. Men who have left hard places, with the work undone, in order to find easier ones do not succeed. The workman who acknowledges himself beaten in a task he has chosen is not sought for to repeat the experiment. Those who have shown wisdom in selecting their work and then have accomplished it against all obstacles are always in demand.—Congregationalist.

—You can't afford to risk your life by allowing a cough or a cold to develop into pneumonia or consumption. One Minute Cough Cure will cure throat and lung troubles quicker than any other preparation known. Many doctors use it as a specific for grippe. It is an infallible remedy for croup. Children like it any mothers endorse it. A. B. Gillam, J. L. Houck.

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A Proposal of Today.

"For some time," observed Mr. Markham, "I have been beset by the idea of proposing to you."

He was standing with his excellently flat back to the mantelpiece, and Miss Greateorex was covering a silk bandanna handkerchief with an opposition pattern in colored wools—why, Mr. Markham could not make out. There was no one else in the room, and, as was evident, the gentleman was disposed to be confidential.

Miss Greateorex smiled.

"And why have you not?"

"I have at times been half afraid that you might accept," replied the candid young man. "At others," he added (thoughtfully removing an almost invisible dust speck from his sleeve), "I have been much perturbed by the possibility—that you might refuse."

"It would be disagreeable to be refused," remarked the lady, impersonally.

"That," the gentleman considered, "depends. If I was sure I wanted to marry you, it would be unquestionably disagreeable to be refused."

"And you are sure?"

"No; very far indeed from being so. At times I think I should much enjoy the role of Mr. Greateorex, so to speak."

"But not always?"

"Oh, dear no!—not nearly always."

Miss Greateorex had a canary, which at this juncture began to sing with an air of the most uncontrollable merri-ment. Mr. Markham went to a neighboring drawer and produced thence a cloth, with which he covered the cage.

"You are not sure whether you are in love with me or no?" remarked the young lady, as the bird's indignant silence succeeded to his previous irrelevant rhapsody.

Mr. Markham came back to the mantelpiece and, having readjusted his back, he said in a low voice, and looking down at the very adjacent brown, bent head—

"I admit I am disappointed."

She looked up rather quickly.

"Bitterly. I had no idea that you could be stupid—it is evidently possible."

From the motion of Miss Greateorex, her head—as they would say in the old books—he implied a note of interrogation.

"It is stupid not to have grasped the question. I have for quite a long time known that I was in love with you."

"Ever since luncheon?"

"Perhaps not quite so long as that. But certainly ever since, almost ever since, Lady Greateorex left the room."

The young lady laughed.

"Was my mother such an instance of George Eliot's malign prophet standing behind her daughter and threatening what she will be?"

"I merely meant that the presence of a chaperon is incompatible with sentiment."

"I," observed the young woman, "do not mind admitting that I am getting confused. You now assert that for more than 20 minutes you have adored me" (Mr. Markham's shoulders appeared to depreciate the exaggeration of this rhetoric), "and a moment ago you seemed much to doubt your love."

"Not at all. That is why I lately called you stupid. I am sure that I am in love; but I am very uncertain as to whether I would like to marry the beloved object."

Miss Greateorex laughed.

"I admit it sounds, perhaps, improper. I merely mean that marriage as the necessary denouement of being what is called in love seems to me quite a doubtful expedient. When there is no question of being in love," he continued, relaxing himself by a short walk to the other end of the room and back, "I think marriage not a bad arrangement. It is then merely a form of business partnership, and now that it has ceased to be insoluble has no special terrors. But you and I have nothing to gain by that. I am exceedingly well off, so are you. I do not need to marry for position nor do you. We neither of us need to demand blood, like Hamlet's aunt. In fine, as they say in the 'Arabian Nights,' you have nothing to gain by me, and I have no material need of anything you can supply to me. Markham is just as fine a place as Greateorex abbey, and not a bit finer. When I speak of being in love it is purely a personal sensation; I should like it to become chronic. I really enjoy being in love. But if we got married?"

"You cannot anticipate your love standing that crucial test?"

"I honestly admit that I have my doubts. We live in a straightforward age; let me make a clean breast of them. Do you, for instance, like to talk at breakfast?"

"Not always."

"I, never. If you were licensed by the ceremony of marriage to inundate me with matutinal conversation, I should be rendered at once miserable. A feeling of decency would prevent my showing it; I should suppress it."

That suppression would at once destroy all openness between us."

"You take, I think," interrupted Miss Greateorex, "a morbid view of the duty of conjugal confidence. You would push it too far."

"My views are always high. Perhaps I do; but that is how it strikes me. Every morning I should join you at the breakfast table with the unspoken terror that you were about to converse. I think it possible that you also like to talk in the train and in cabs?"

"Of course," remarked the young lady, wishing to allay the anxiety of her friend, "you will recollect that the present discussion is purely academic. I have never definitely asked you to be my husband."

"No," he admitted very handsomely. "I remember that I have admired you for not pushing your advantage. Any day within the last week you might have suggested it, and Heaven alone knows whether I should have refused. It is very improbable that I should have been sufficiently firm."

"You almost tempt me to try."

Mr. Markham raised his hand.

"Wait," he cried. "Do let us finish this most interesting conversation. What I would wish to express is this, that marriage when one is really in love seems to me to vulgarize the situation. It makes, to use the familiar expression, a business of a pleasure. Or, more accurately, to make into a vulgar business matter what should be jealously guarded from any taint of business suggestion."

"Your objections are, after all, proper only to the modern marriage?"

"I was not," he confessed, "thinking about the Garden of Eden. Business was in its infancy then—so was marriage. For my part," he continued, "I dislike anything as soon as it becomes a duty. I used to like hunting; since they made me Master I look forward to the autumn as a person looks forward to Sunday, and yet there was a time when he doubtless loved going to church, when it was only a permissible recreation. Supposing it were one of the Ten Commandments that we should go to a ball every Monday and the opera every Wednesday?"

"And you mean that you would dislike the duty of being permanently in love with me," said the young lady, who perhaps found his remarks becoming too general, "though as a temporary sentimental excursion you have not hitherto found it disagreeable?"

"What I find fault with, is," he declared, "that unless one were to marry you one could not do several things one would like. For instance, I would like very much to take you to India."

"When?" inquired the young lady, with somewhat startling definiteness.

"Not," he replied, "till, say, October. India in the middle of the season you would not enjoy a bit. But I really fear (unless we do get married) the trip is impossible. All the same, I should love to explain the Taj to you, and Shah Alim's Mosque at Ahmedabad—oh, and the Golden Gate at San Francisco; it is tiresome that I cannot take you there without marrying you."

"You could take mamma as well, and Aunt Adeliza, perhaps."

"That would be different. A superior plan for those to whom it commends itself, but personally I should not like it so much."

Miss Greateorex laughed. Mr. Markham left his sequestered seat and took one beside her on the sofa.

"Were you thinking," asked the lady, "that you would like to take my hand?"

"I have thought that before. I was thinking of taking it. Now, if we were married," he continued after an interval, "this would be my business. It would be expected of me, as it is of a hen to lay eggs, or the Prince of Wales to lay foundation stones."

"And then it would cease to please?"

"It would then become detestable, and often lately I have pictured myself as riding home in the deepening dusk of a winter's afternoon from hunting either with you by my side or to find you waiting for me at home. When I think of it I nearly take a hansom and I come here to lay myself at your feet."

"Why don't you?"

"For the reasons detailed above. I picture comfort and inconvenience. It would entail an entire change of my plans for the rest of the season."

"But if you were not refused?"

Mr. Markham started.

"Oh, that certainly struck me as an alternative, but I didn't find it less alarming. If I were accepted we should probably get married; and how dull for both of us it would subsequently be! What I should really like would be for to come and stay in our present capacity at Markham, say, for a year. You would walk with me, row with me, fish with me, hunt with me; I would read to you my favorite bits of my favorite authors, and you should retaliate with yours. I can imagine nothing so delightful. I have already had you to

stay at Markham; but then Lady Greateorex and Sir Marmaduke came, too, and my sister came down to do hostess. We were never alone except now and then for a quarter of an hour of mutual endeavoring."

"Thank you," interjected, with some asperity, the lady.

"What I should like would be to have you thus for a time all to myself. You would find me much nicer than you imagine. I have much more 'to' me, as the Yankees say, than you would think."

"You are not, in fact, such a fool as you look."

Mr. Markham took no notice whatever of this frivolous interruption.

"Well," added the lady, "on one condition I will come. Do not look frightened; I don't mean to insist on a 'prior engagement.' You need not promise to marry me. But I will come a whole year to Markham if—if I may bring Lord Mendip with me."

"Lord Mendip!" Mr. Markham released what he had been holding and laid it back in the young lady's lap with something of the air wherewith one puts down an article that one has been fingering in a saleroom, when one discovers it is marked "Sold." He resumed his position on the hearthrug, but without again accommodating his back to the mantelpiece.

"It was," he remarked presently, "very nice of you to inform me of your engagement in that way. You can do things, when you try, very gracefully. A more awkward woman might have told me flatly half an hour ago."

"I was going to tell you just now. But you begged me to wait, as you wished to finish your delightful conversation. I concluded that you thought you were shining. After all you do not affect to ignore your reputation as conversationalist."

"I am sure," he said, after the briefest pause, "you would be extremely happy. That is certainly my wish—that you may be happy as you deserve. Lord Mendip's happiness, of course, goes without saying. It is interesting to think that he was my grandfather's fag at Eton."

"He told me that it was your great-grandfather."

"Ah! I think he was mistaken. My great-grandfather died quite two years before Lord Mendip was born, and he was not at Eton. Where there is any disparity of years—"

"Between Lord Mendip and myself there is some disparity."

"Quite so. But it is on the right side. I take it Lord Mendip is not more than 80?"

"Scarcely so much," declared the young lady, with admirable temper. "He is but 74."

"And he is a peer. It is better than anything I could have offered you."

"As to that, when your uncle dies you will be a duke."

"My uncle does not contemplate any public event so little as his own decease. And he is a year younger than Lord Mendip. He will doubtless marry again."

"Yes, I thought of that; I took that into my consideration," the young lady asserted, staring up into Mr. Markham's face, with an expression he rather failed to understand. There was something unusual also about her voice.

There was a slight sound behind her. "Here," remarked the young man, looking over her head to the suddenly opened door, "comes Lord Mendip himself to receive my congratulations in person."

Miss Greateorex leaped to her feet.

"Don't for heaven's sake, don't!" she cried in a smothered voice. "It was a lie. I did it to see if I could shake you at all."

Lord Mendip ambled forward with a keen old look in his faded eyes, and a much "cocked" expression about his half-deaf ears.

"Congratulations, eh? Who am I to congratulate? I think I heard something about congratulations in person."

"Yes, Lord Mendip, I want yours." Mr. Markham sighed heavily. "I have just proposed to Miss Greateorex, and she has been good enough to accept me."

"Lord! how interestin'!" cried the old gentleman. I recollect your father was my fag at Eton—I'm talkin', yer know, of the year 39. By Jove! you're a lucky chap, and I do congratulate you."

Mr. Markham received these felicitations with some emotion, and sighed again, not less heavily.—Waverly Magazine.

Haying an Easier Affair.

Haying is now a far different affair from what it was half a century ago when nearly all the work was done by hand with much bigger crews of men than are now found in the field. Two men will harvest as large a crop now as half a dozen could then and do it in much less time. The work is less picturesque than in the old days, but it is easier and the crop is secured in better condition. It used to take a month or more for the average farmer to get his hay, but now a period of two weeks sees the greater part of the crop under cover and in many cases the owner of the small farm finds a week sufficient for the task.—Waverly Magazine.



Monstrosities in Lamps.

All sorts of monstrosities are to be found in lamps. There are all kinds of strange designs to put into them, more, perhaps, than into any one other article made for real use.

Pale or White Enamel.

Time when white enamel, or rose enamel, or pale blue, was desired in bedroom sets. The green wicker chairs and lounges and green enamel bedroom sets are now in request. It is a pale willow green, cool looking and very pretty. It is easier to keep such furniture in order than when it is pure white. It is not desirable to have any touch of gilding added. The green chiffonier is a pretty piece of furniture.

Care of Linens.

Linens that have been stained by tea or coffee may be cleansed by moistening the spots with water and holding them over the fumes of a small piece of burning sulphur, or a few sulphur matches. Wash immediately with water in which a little ammonia or soda has been dissolved. Stains that nothing else will remove are often taken out by the vapor arising from burning sulphur, but the material must be washed thoroughly at once.

Paper for Different Rooms.

Especially prepared papers for bath rooms have a glazed effect and a surface that can be washed like paint. They closely resemble tiles, being in tile patterns, and many of them having the designs thrown up in relief. These papers are good for nurseries, because of the readiness with which they can be cleaned. If one cares more for the children's entertainment than for the artistic effect, a room that will be an unfailing source of delight can be papered with pictures cut from illustrated papers, the larger, more distinct and striking figures being used for the upper portion, and those with more detail below. The children will make up stories without end for the pictures.

In the matter of light, if one has a room facing the south, she doesn't want yellow paper. Save that for the north room. Dark rooms can be lightened perceptibly by the use of light papers. Those in which there is likely to be a glare can be toned down by the use of neutral colors on the walls.

Large designs never should have a place on the walls of small rooms. An indistinct or well-mingled design is better than one that stands out too vividly, as one will not tire of it nearly so soon.

Many papers can be matched in chintzes and cretonnes, but ordinarily it is more satisfactory to use draperies contrasting with the paper. This however, is a matter of individual taste and conditions.



Oak Hill Potatoes—Cut four cold boiled potatoes and five hard boiled eggs in one-fourth-inch slices. Put layer of potatoes in buttered baking dish, sprinkle with salt and pepper, cover with layer of eggs. Repeat, and pour over two cups thin white sauce. Cover with buttered cracker crumbs and bake until crumbs are brown.

Mayonnaise Eggs—Boil five or six eggs half an hour, cut in halves lengthwise, put whites aside in pairs. Rub yolks through a colander and work to a smooth paste with mayonnaise dressing. Fill the whites and press the halves together. Fill the center of a plate with cress, stand the eggs upon it, surround with overlapping slices of the meat, and garnish with cress.

Dutch Peach Cake—Sift together two cups flour, half a teaspoonful of salt and two teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Work in lightly one-fourth cup of butter; stir in one cup milk which has had one beaten egg added to it; turn into a buttered pie tin and press into the top of the dough four peeled, stoned and quartered peaches. Sift three tablespoonfuls of sugar and one of cinnamon, mixed, over the top. Bake and serve with butter.

Peach Pie—Line a plate with plain paste with a pastry jagger cut several half-inch-wide strips of puff paste; put three of them across the pie and then three more at right angles with these and a strip around the edge. Put half a peach in each of these squares, hollow side up. Mix one teaspoonful of cornstarch with half a cup of sugar and one cup of cream. Pour this carefully into the spaces between the fruit. Bake until the paste is a delicate brown.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS. FOR NOVEMBER 11.

Subject: The Rich Man and Lazarus. Luke xvi., 19-31—Golden Text: Matt. vi., 20—Memory Verses, 19-22—Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

19. "A certain rich man." Jesus does not give his name. He has often been called Dives, the Latin for "rich." "Clothed in purple and fine linen." His outer dress was costly purple from Tyre, his under garments were fine linen from Egypt. The Egyptian linen, or byssus, is said to have sold for twice its weight in gold. "Fared sumptuously." He lived in a luxurious and costly manner and feasted every day. What then are the sins charged against this man, that were so soon to send him to a place of torment? He was not immoral, dishonest or drunken, but he was proud, extravagant and worldly. He lived to please himself.

20. "A certain beggar." Literally, a poor man. "Named Lazarus." "A form of Eleazar, which means, 'God is my help.'" His name is mentioned because his character was good and his end glorious, and it is the purpose of God that the righteous shall be held in everlasting remembrance. If this be a parable, it is the only instance in which Jesus, in giving a parable, has given a proper name. "Laid at his gate." There was then no public provision for the poor, and when disabled they were often laid at the gates of the rich, that they might receive aid. "Full of sores." Covered with sores, as persons of his class are likely to be, from neglect and bad living.

21. "Desiring to be fed." It is probable that his desires were complied with. "With the crumbs." With the broken pieces which were left and were thrown under the table for the dogs. "The dogs came." The wild eyed, ownerless dogs that roam in the streets of an Eastern city and act as scavengers. In contrast with the inhumanity of men toward the beggar is set the pity of the dogs; they licked his sores as they lick their own.

We have before us the characters and lives of two men occupying very different positions in this world. One was a leader in society, very wealthy and highly respected, the other was a despised and loathsome beggar. But God does not look upon men as we do. He sees the heart, and is never deceived by a pompous exterior. In the next world these men change places—the beggar is the rich man, and the rich man is the beggar.

22. "The beggar died." His burial was so inferior that no mention is made of it. He filled a pauper's box and was carted to a pauper's grave. There were no flowers and no mourners. "Carried by angels." There was a rustling of snowy wings as angels came to kiss the redeemed spirit home to God. "Abraham's bosom." That is, the happy side of Hades, where the saints were regarded as resting in bliss. Abraham's bosom was a phrase used among the Jews to signify the paradise of God. It is an allusion to the custom of persons reclining on their left elbows at feasts; the person whose head came near the breast of the other was said to lie in his bosom. "The rich man also died." Death comes to the rich as well as the poor. "And was buried." There was the long procession of the funeral solemnities through the streets of Jerusalem, the crowd of hired mourners, the spices and ointment wrapping his body and the costly sepulchre on which the virtues of the departed were recorded. This, however, profits him nothing, for death has been for him an awakening from his flattering dream of ease and self-enjoyment to the stern and terrible realities of eternity.

23. "And in hell." "In Hades." (R. V.) The Scriptures contain four words that are rendered "hell" in the Authorized Version. They are Hades, Sheol, Gehenna and Tartaros. Sheol is a Hebrew word, and is equivalent to the Greek word Hades. Gehenna, as used by Christ, designates a state or place of retribution. Tartaros is a dark prison where the fallen angels await their doom. Hades is used in the New Testament as the abode of all the departed. The good are in the paradise of Hades, or Abraham's bosom; the bad are in the Tartaros of Hades, or a place of darkness and torment. In this sense Josephus understands the meaning of Hades. "Seeth Abraham, etc." This was the first circumstance in his punishment.

24. "Father Abraham." This is the only instance recorded where prayer is offered to a saint, and this was from hell, and was not granted. His calling Abraham father and Abraham's recognition of him as son show that he was a Jew. "The tip of his finger." That he may bring me even the smallest possible relief.

25. "Son, remember." Oh, memory! Thou wilt never die! This is a solemn and calm reply; no mockery of his state, and no grief concerning him either. "Thy good things." Here was the charge against him. He had enjoyed the pleasures—the wealth and the honors of the world. "Evil things." Lazarus has had poverty, contempt and distress.

26. "A great gulf fixed." It will be utterly impossible for a soul who leaves this world without having repented, to ever gain admittance into the paradise of God. God has "fixed" an impassable gulf.

27. "I pray thee, etc." How earnestly does this lost soul desire to have this request granted. His influence had no doubt led his brethren to live in the same careless way that he had lived.

28. "Lest they also come." He shows more interest in them now than he did when he was with them on earth. He might justly fear lest their reproaches should add to his own misery.

29. "Moses and the prophets." The books written by Moses and the prophets. "Let them hear them." Let them hearken to the warnings and instructions given them in the Scriptures.

30. "From the dead." Moses and the prophets had failed to lead him to salvation, and he feared his brethren would be lost. "They will repent." He thus acknowledges that he had failed to repent, and that his torment was just. He also sees that the only way to be saved is by repenting.

31. "Neither will they be persuaded." The Scriptures contain all that is necessary to lead men to God. If those who have the Bible, and gospel preaching, will not repent, there is no influence that could be brought to bear upon them that would be availing. Even a messenger from the dead could add nothing to the written Word, and such a message would be much more uncertain; those who reject the Bible would certainly reject such a testimony.

Teachings—Men should beware of priding themselves in their riches. God's love, or His displeasure, cannot be judged by outward circumstances; His enemies may "flourish like the green bay tree," while His own people may, for wise reasons, be "despised, afflicted, tormented."

A CHECK ON CASTELLANE

French Court Appoints George Gould Trustee For the Countess.

THE COUNT OWES \$4,500,000

Mr. Gould, Brother of the Countess, Brought the Suit Because the Young Nobleman Had Impaired His Wife's Vast Fortune—The Latter's Debts and Expenditures—Action of Gould Family

Paris (By Cable).—The Civil Tribunal has appointed George J. Gould trustee for the Countess Boni de Castellane, his sister.

The action in the case was the result of a suit brought by Mr. Gould against his sister. The proceedings were conducted in secret session.

Maitre Bonnet, when applying for the trusteeship, informed the President of the court that the Countess herself recognized that the expenditure had been too lavish, and that it was necessary for some one of experience and authority to manage her affairs. He went on to say that, although the Countess was a consensual party to the trusteeship, it was desirable that he should furnish precise details.



COUNT AND COUNTESS DE CASTELLANE.

The income of the Countess, he went on to set forth, was 3,000,000 francs (\$579,000). Since the marriage \$15,000,000 francs (\$2,895,000) had been expended and the debts now amounted to fully 23,000,000 francs (\$4,439,000). The Gould family had met in consultation and unanimously decided to authorize George Gould to make the present application.

The debts, Maitre Bonnet said, were the following:

3,702,000 francs (\$714,486) in connection with the Charity Bazar building and the hotel in the rue Malakoff, etc., etc.

6,585,260 francs (\$1,270,955) on mortgages payable from 1900 to 1909.

4,293,155 francs (\$828,578) on bills, money borrowed.

9,100,000 francs (\$1,756,300) owing to curio dealers.

Maitre Bonnet went on to assert that the creditors distrained on the Seme et Oise property and that the family had to intervene to prevent the sale.

With regard to the fitness of George Gould to be trustee Maitre Bonnet pointed out that his fortune was larger than that of the Countess, that authority based on affection would be great, and that nobody was better qualified, as it was George Gould who was appointed executor of his father's will. Another consideration was that the clearing away of the debts would take a number of years, and that therefore it would be wise to economize and not to go to the expense of a paid trustee.

The tribunal, taking this view, declared the plaintiff "possessed, better than any other, of the necessary position and authority to assist the defendant."

The Boni de Castellanes are now staying in the country together.

EARTHQUAKE IN FLORIDA.

Eight Distinct Shocks Make Window Panes Rattle in Jacksonville.

Jacksonville, Fla. (Special).—Eight distinct earthquake shocks were felt in Jacksonville. The first shock was at 11.10 o'clock a. m., and shook some of the large buildings in the city. At 11.25 o'clock another shock equally as severe was felt, and other shocks continued at fifteen-minute intervals until 12.30 o'clock.

At 4.04 o'clock p. m. the seventh shock was felt, and was followed four minutes later by a report and shock, the severest of the day. The last disturbance made the window panes rattle in several sections of the city. The vibrations passed from south to north.

SIX-YEAR-OLD MURDERER.

Boy Strikes a Playmate a Fatal Blow With a Toy Shovel.

Chicago, (Special).—Because he kicked over a little sandhouse, Ernest Didier, nine years old, was killed with a toy shovel in the hands of six-year-old George Waterman. In childish rage, the smaller boy struck the other on the back of the head, fracturing his skull.

The boy who struck the fatal blow is too young to be amenable to the law.

The Strength of the Army.

In his annual report for the year ending June 30, 1900, Adjutant-General Corbin, at Washington, shows that the regular army consists of 2525 officers and 63,861 enlisted men, and the volunteer army of 1548 officers and 31,079 enlisted men, a grand total of 98,730.

Earthquakes Destroy a Whole Town.

The earthquake in Venezuela destroyed the town of Guarenas, resulting in the loss of twenty-five lives.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

Smallpox ravages on Indian reservations are attracting the attention of the Indian Commissioner.

General Elwell S. Otis was ordered to Chicago to command the Department of Lakes.

The Treasury accounts for October closed with an excess of receipts over expenditures of \$3,651,067.

The Navy Department decided to locate the new million-dollar dry dock at the Brooklyn Navy Yard between docks Nos. 1 and 2.

President McKinley pardoned Chin Hoey, a Chinaman, who is dying in the Rutland (Vt.) House of Correction, and who was convicted of perjury in connection with the Chinese immigration laws.

Consul-General Holloway, at St. Petersburg, notified the State Department of an additional duty placed on coal imported into Russia.

J. P. Morgan & Co. paid the Government \$376,300 for silver taken by United States marines at Tien Tsin, China.

OUR ADOPTED ISLANDS.

Serious rioting at Aguadilla, Porto Rico, resulted in a conflict between civilians and a native regiment. The soldiers fired into the mob and several persons were wounded, none fatally.

Jose Guzman Benitez, Mayor of Ponce, and Jose Gomez Brioso, a physician, were appointed members of the Executive Council of Porto Rico.

DOMESTIC.

The John W. Garrett estate in Baltimore, Md., amounting to \$1,500,000 in real estate, was partitioned among the heirs.

There was a heavy rainfall all over Texas, and much damage was done to property in different places by wind and lightning.

Charles R. Eastman, of Harvard, who was indicted on the charge of murdering Richard H. Grogan, Jr., will be placed on trial at Cambridge, Mass., some time between December 1 and 15.

Remorse over the fact that he had accidentally killed his son drove Frank Farrell, a prominent business man of Philadelphia, to suicide. His body was found in the Delaware River.

Dr. Michael W. Kelliher, a prominent physician, of Pawtucket, R. I., under indictment by the Grand Jury for conspiracy to defraud a life insurance company of \$3500, committed suicide by taking poison.

Cornelius L. Alvord, Jr., defaulting note teller of the First National Bank, at New York City, will be tried by Federal authorities.

As a result of a conference between President and faculty of the Chicago University, the professors will no longer talk about John D. Rockefeller.

Professor Henry St. George Tucker was designated as acting president of Washington and Lee University, Lexington, Va., until the next election.

In a wedding celebration at which several men discharged their pistols, at Greenwich, Conn., Harry Mead was twice shot and seriously wounded.

The long overdue steamer Robert Dollar arrived at Seattle, Wash., with 350 passengers and \$1,000,000 in gold dust.

The negro reported lynched near Aniston, Ala., was not killed, but was given fifty lashes while tied in a sack.

A contract for furnishing to the army 1,000,000 yards of khaki, to be made into uniforms for American soldiers in the tropics, was awarded in New York City.

It was announced that a new effort was to be made to obtain the liberation of Oberlin M. Carter, late of the Engineer Corps, U. S. A.

Leading Chicago physicians declare drinking and cigarette smoking are increasing among American women.

The United States transport Meade arrived at San Francisco from Manila. The vessel had over 300 sick and discharged soldiers.

Rosslyn Ferrell, the train robber charged with the murder of an express messenger named Lane, was convicted of murder in the first degree, at Marysville, Ohio. The verdict carries with it the death sentence.

FOREIGN.

Severe fighting occurred between Austro-Hungarian and Montenegrin troops over a boundary dispute.

Dr. Vosberg-Rekow, Chief of the German Bureau of Commercial Treaties, at Berlin, declared that the United States is Germany's greatest trade enemy.

Because of the great scarcity of coal throughout the Austrian empire the State mines in Bohemia and Moravia are to be largely extended.

Japan gave unconditional assent to the Anglo-German agreement regarding China.

A powder magazine was exploded by lightning at Nankin, China, and many persons were killed.

General Botha was reported to be marching with a strong force of Boers to invade Cape Colony.

Formal union of the Free and United Presbyterian Churches of Scotland was accomplished.

Rear-Admiral Ramos was sworn in as Spanish Minister of Marine at Madrid.

Edward Henry Stuart Blight, seventh Earl of Darnley, died in London. He was born in 1851.

John Alex Dowie, the Chicago Zionist, held his final meeting in London.

The Venezuelan Government decreed the resumption of payment of interest on all debts and loans from November.

CYCLING NOTES.

The bicycle tax in France last year was collected on 838,856 wheels.

One firm has turned out a convertible bicycle which may be used with or without a motor.

Forty miles in an hour on a bicycle is a record made at Brockton, Mass., by Will C. Stinson.

Little has been said so far by manufacturers of bicycles as to the output, price and models for next season.

Some people are of the opinion that the ideal bicycle has been made, and that material improvements are out of the question.

The agents of the bicycle manufacturers returning from long trips over the country report that trade is good along the line.

One manufacturer has already announced his prices for next season. His chainless wheel will retail at \$60, the racer at \$50, light roadster at \$40, and ordinary roadster at \$35.

Jimmy Michael, the cyclist, has defeated Eddie McDuffee at Chicago. Besides riding all around his old enemy, Jimmy broke five records. The broken records were those made by Johnny Nelson for the second, third, fourth, fifth and sixth miles.

Probably the majority of makers will strive to reduce the weight of their wheels for next year. Many of the makers, however, are giving more attention at this time to the perfection of their motor tricycles than they are to the regulation bicycle.

A rider who has experimented with different sizes of tires in relation to cyclometer accuracy has figured that with a tire one and three-eighths inches in diameter there is a shortage of a fifth of one mile in every ten, and with an inch and a half tire there is two-fifths of a mile shortage in ten, while with a one and a quarter tire the cyclometer measures accurately, provided the rims are of the correct diameter, as his were.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

The Shah of Persia announces that he is going to write a book.

General Russell A. Alger will spend a part of the winter in Florida.

The Prince of Wales is a great lover of fine horseflesh, and is quite at home in the saddle.

John Wanamaker has been re-elected President of the Pennsylvania State Sabbath-School Association.

Sidney Grundy is one of the most prolific of dramatic authors. In one year he has been known to produce five plays.

Ira D. Sankey is meeting with a wonderful reception in England. Vast crowds come to listen to his gospel song services.

United States Minister Godfrey Hunter has left his post in Guatemala for a visit to the United States on leave of absence.

The Czar of Russia hates horseback riding because it gives him headaches and makes him feel, so he says, as though he had a "floating brain."

Mariano Beulliere, the famous Spanish artist, is at work on a monumental vase which the city of Buenos Ayres is to present to the Queen Regent of Spain.

James Whitcomb Riley is a great friend of former President Harrison, and, when the latter is in Indianapolis, the two generally take together a morning's walk about the residence portion of the city.

Herbert Spencer has broken his long silence by a paper on the South African question, which opposes British interference in the Boer States. For nearly fifty years Mr. Spencer has fought British colonization.

Count Lamsdorff, the new Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs, is never seen in general society, and he goes to court as seldom as possible. He takes a two hours' constitutional walk every afternoon, never has a holiday, and is never ill.

LABOR WORLD.

Postoffice clerks in Chicago have formed a union and joined the American Federation of Labor.

C. Pardee & Co. have refused to reinstate the coal miners at Lattimer, Penn., who went on strike.

The packers of the glass works at Salem, N. J., have had an increase of \$1 per week in their wages.

Wages of puddlers of the Altoona Iron Company, at Altoona, Penn., have been reduced from \$4.50 to \$3 per ton.

King Leopold of Belgium has approved the law granting pensions to destitute workmen over sixty-five years old.

The advances in English coal miners' weekly wages thus far this year have been twice as great as those in the year 1899.

Z. G. Simmons, a wealthy manufacturer in Kenosha, Penn., purposes to fit up a clubhouse and night school for his employees.

The city of Berne, Switzerland, is making the Socialistic experiment of building free—or nearly free—workshops for tailors and shoemakers.

Paper money is at a premium at Nome. Miners find it more convenient than gold, and pay as much as two per cent. in excess of its value for it.

The National Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers has adopted a universal wage scale, fixing wages at fifty cents an hour, with eight hours as a day's work, to go into effect next May.

Among the encouragements offered to silk weavers during the first century of the existence of this industry in Lyons was exemption from military service and taxation. So rapid was its development that in 1650 the weavers numbered 18,000, or 60,000 with affiliated pursuits.

STATE NEWS BUDGET.

Italians Kill a Pay Clerk.

Four Italian miners attempted to rob Pay Clerk William Hosler, of the Southwest Connellsville Coke Company, while making his trip between Mount Pleasant and Alverton with the pay roll of the Alverton & Tarr works, amounting to \$4000. As a result of the attack Mr. Hosler is dead, his companion, Harry Burgess, messenger of the company, is wounded, two of the Italians are dead, a third fatally wounded, and the fourth is in jail. Hosler and Burgess left Mount Pleasant together with the safe containing the money to pay off the men at the Alverton & Tarr works. As they reached the summit of the long hill above Morewood, just below which lies Alverton, a large coke town, without a second's warning the four Italians fired a volley from their hiding place and sprang forward, firing as they advanced. Mr. Hosler fell dead at the first volley. Young Burgess, though wounded, was able to return their fire with effect, and one of the men at the horse's head fell dead. A second later he fired his revolver in the very face of another, and as he fell his two remaining companions became terrified, and leaving the dead, one set out with the wounded man over the hill to the south in the direction of the Alice mines. Burgess managed to drive on into Alverton with the body of Mr. Hosler and the safe, where he gave the alarm. Mount Pleasant and vicinity, with the clerical force of the coke company, turned out 500 strong, headed by Lieutenant John G. Thompson, of Company E, and soon corralled the two, who had concealed themselves in a field on the Durantine farm, a mile or so from the town. A summons to surrender was answered by a volley, in which one of the posse received a slight wound in the chest. The outlaws from their fortified position made a fierce stand for a few minutes until one of the posse succeeded in getting in their rear. He shot one through the head, killing him instantly. The other surrendered and was taken to the office of Squire Rhodes and remanded to jail. In the meantime another division of the posse overhauled the third would-be robber, who had received a mortal wound.

Tried to Burn a Village.

There was a desperate attempt to burn Susquehanna, which resulted in a fire destroying the residence of E. M. Tucker, and cremating Miss Eunice Harris, the housekeeper. Several attempts were made to start fires by placing clothes and waste soaked in oil in several buildings. The Tucker residence was a mass of flames before the fire was discovered, and the housekeeper's room was cut off from all help. The authorities believe tramps are responsible for the outrages, as there have been several organized bands in the vicinity, and it is suspected that they planned a raid on the burning town.

Girls in a Silk Mill Strike.

In the town of Freeland there is a silk mill employing 150 girls, mostly the daughters of miners. A few days ago the girls demanded the discharge of the forewoman, a Miss Hannah Johnson, because her father, an employee of G. B. Markle & Co., at Jeddo, worked during the strike. They also demanded a uniform wage rate of \$1 a day. The superintendent of the mill peremptorily refused to discharge Miss Johnson and also to accede to the other demand and all the girls went on strike.

Seeking Traces of a Runaway Boy.

Copies of a circular were sent broadcast over the country asking for information concerning Walter A. Henry, a sixteen-year-old boy, who left the home of his parents at Swarthmore on June 4. The runaway boy is well advanced for his age, graduating from the High School at the age of fifteen and later taking a business course, including shorthand and typewriting. No motive can be assigned for his absence beyond a love of adventure and a special longing for the sea.

Treasury Statement For October.

The October State Treasury statement shows that the close of business on the last day of the month there was \$4,773,557.38 in the general fund, of which the following was in Philadelphia banks: Farmers' and Mechanics' National, \$1,414,656.36; Corn Exchange National, \$205,000; Quaker City National, \$739,256.92; National Bank of Germantown, \$25,000.

Will Build an Electric Road.

Citizens of Petersburg and Manheim have decided to build an electric railroad between Lancaster and Manheim, a distance of twelve miles. The amount necessary to build the road has been guaranteed. It will be part of the Coanestoga Traction system, and runs through a thickly-populated section of the county.

All Through the State.

The Chester County potato crop is a failure this year.

The Pennypack Creek has been stocked with rock bass.

Three-fourths of the cisterns and wells at Blandon are dry.

Frank L. Maust has been appointed fourth-class postmaster at Gibbon Glade.

Bears near Jack's Mountain, in Fulton County, are carrying off the farmers' pigs.

An unusually large number of chickens are being stolen in the vicinity of Springtown.

There is a scarcity of water in many parts of northern Chester and Montgomery Counties.

A chestnut which it tried to swallow choked to death the two-year-old child of Wilbert James of Pottsville.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

45 MILK. The Milk Exchange price for standard quality is 3c. per quart.

BUTTER. Creamery—West, extra... \$ 22 1/2 Firsts... 20 1/2 @ 21 1/2 Thirds to seconds... 16 @ 20 State dairy tubs, extras... 20 1/2 @ 21 Imitation creamery... 15 1/2 @ 16 Factory, finest... 13 1/2 @ 13 Low grades... 13 @ 13 1/2

CHEESE. State—Full cream, fancy... 10 1/2 @ 11 Small... 7 1/2 @ 8 Part skims, good to prime... 2 @ 2 1/2 Full skims... 2 @ 2 1/2

EGGS. Nearby—Fancy... 24 @ 25 State and Penn... 23 @ 25 Western—Choice... 20 @ 21

BEANS AND PEAS. Beans—Marrow, choice, 1900... 2 20 @ 2 20 1/2 Medium... 2 20 @ 2 20 1/2 Pea, choice... 2 20 @ 2 20 1/2 Red kidney, choice... 2 20 @ 2 20 1/2 White kidney, choice, 1899... 2 20 @ 2 20 1/2 Yellow eye... 2 20 @ 2 20 1/2 Lima, Cal... 3 55 @ 3 55 Green peas, bags... 1 22 1/2 @ 1 25

FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH. Apples, red, per bbl... 1 50 @ 3 50 King, per bbl... 2 00 @ 3 50 Greening, per bbl... 1 50 @ 2 25 Pears, Seckel, per bbl... 2 00 @ 5 00 Bartlett, per bushel... 1 25 @ 2 00 Quinces, per bbl... 1 50 @ 2 50 Grapes, Concord, per bushel... 8 @ 9 Niagara, per basket... 9 @ 12 Catawba, per basket... 9 @ 10 Cranberries, per bbl... 5 00 @ 6 50

LIVE POULTRY. Fowls, per bbl... 8 @ 9 Chickens, per lb... 8 @ 9 Roosters, per lb... 8 @ 9 Turkeys, per lb... 8 @ 10 Ducks, per pair... 50 @ 65 Geese, per pair... 1 00 @ 1 37 Pigeons, per pair... 15 @ 20

DRESSED POULTRY. Turkeys, per lb... 8 @ 10 Broilers, Phila., per lb... 8 @ 18 Fowls, State & Penn., per lb... 8 @ 10 Ducks, L. I. spring, per lb... 11 @ 14 Geese, East, spring, per lb... 11 @ 15 Squabs, per dozen... 1 50 @ 3 00

HOPS. State—1900, choice, per lb... 19 @ 19 1/2 1899, fair... 19 @ 11 1/2 Pacific coast—1900, choice... 19 @ 19 1/2 1899, common to fair... 8 @ 11 Old odds... 2 @ 5

HAY AND STRAW. Hay—Prime, per 100 lb... 87 @ 92 1/2 No. 1, per 100 lb... 87 @ 90 No. 2, per 100 lb... 80 @ 85 Clover mixed, per 100 lb... 70 @ 85 Straw, long rye... 72 1/2 @ 87 1/2

VEGETABLES. Potatoes—Jersey, per bbl... 1 00 @ 1 37 Long Island, per bbl... 1 50 @ 1 75 Sweets, per bbl... 1 25 @ 2 25 Onions—Orange-Co., per bag... 1 00 @ 3 00 L. I. red, per bbl... 1 25 @ 1 30 Conn., white, per bbl... 3 00 @ 4 00 Cabbages, per 100... 2 00 @ 3 50 Turnips, per bbl... 50 @ 75 Tomatoes, per box... 25 @ 75 String beans, per basket... 25 @ 1 25 Squash, per bbl... 50 @ 75 Cucumbers, per bbl... 3 00 @ 7 00 Egg plant, per bbl... 1 00 @ 1 50 Peppers, per bbl... 25 @ 1 00 Celery, per dozen... 10 @ 40 Lima beans, per bag... 50 @ 1 50 Lettuce, per bbl... 50 @ 1 00 Cauliflower, per bbl... 25 @ 2 50 Pumpkins, per bbl... 40 @ 50 Carrots, per bbl... 50 @ 1 00 Brussels sprouts, per qt... 4 @ 8 Beets, per bbl... 75 @ 1 00 Green peas, per basket... 50 @ 1 50

GRAIN, ETC. Flour—Winter patents... 3 70 @ 4 60 Spring patents... 4 00 @ 4 35 Wheat—No. 1 N. Duluth... 84 1/2 @ 84 1/2 No. 2 red... 78 1/2 @ 78 1/2 Corn—No. 2... 44 1/2 @ 48 Oats—No. 2 white... 25 @ 28 Track mixed... 25 @ 26 1/2 Rye—Western... 57 @ 57 1/2 State... 52 @ 53 Lard, city... 7 @ 7.05

LIVE STOCK. Beeves, city dressed... 7 @ 9 Calves, city dressed... 8 1/2 @ 12 1/2 Country dressed... 7 @ 11 Sheep, per 100 lb... 2 00 @ 3 75 Lambs, per 100 lb... 4 85 @ 5 37 1/2 Hogs—Live, per 100 lb... 5 09 @ 5 35 Country dressed... 6 1/2 @ 7 1/2

TOBACCO. Demand for Havana continues and the better grades find ready buyers. Sales of Sumatra are of good volume. Domestic cigar leaf is in fair demand. Western leaf is quiet and firm.

PORTO RICO CROP REPORT.

The Weather Has Been Very Favorable For Vegetable Growth.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—The weekly weather crop bulletin for the Island of Porto Rico follows:

"The weather of the week has been very favorable for vegetable growth. The heavy rains, while rendering the work of preparing land exceedingly difficult, have been of the desired benefit to crops. Cane is reported in fine condition, and in Corozal much more is being sown than ever before. There is complaint that there is no market for tobacco. Lightning, in different places killed cattle and struck a telegraph pole."

COTTON YIELD IN ASIA.

Crop in Russian Possessions Increased by About Thirty Per Cent.

St. Petersburg, Russia (By Cable).—It is officially stated that the cotton area of Russian Central Asia has increased thirty per cent. this year. The crop is estimated at 7,500,000 poods, or half the Russian requirement, whereas previously only 6,000,000 poods have been procured from Russian possessions. The situation in the cotton industries is improving.

The increased production would be from about 432,000 bales to about 540,000.

English vs. American Steel Makers.

The English steel manufacturers now proclaim the fact that if steel comes down to \$22 a ton they will make it at a loss. The United States, however, is making steel at \$22 a ton and selling it at a profit.

Moving God's Way.
The world is moving God's way, slowly to human vision, but it is moving. It has been so moving from the beginning in some ways. In this century, in this generation, it is advancing in that direction in more ways and with greater rapidity than ever before. Why has the world progressed through the ages, and why is its progress accelerated in this century? Because there have ever been men and women who have meditated upon the vast creation and upon man's origin, who have studied the conditions of life, who have had faith in an infinite Creator and Father and who, feeling their need of being instructed and guided, have looked to Him for help. Such men were the chosen prophets and leaders of the olden time.—Universalist Leader.

The Secret of a Calm and Happy Life.
The secret of a calm and happy life and death is to have an habitual sense of God's presence and communion of your soul with Him, to walk with Him in the absorbing consciousness of His loving eye never removed, His loving arm never untwined. Christ dwells in the believer's heart, and He is always near. What we all need to learn is how to walk with Him, hour by hour, as a man with his friend—without effort thinking of Him, without hesitation obeying Him, without embarrassment speaking of Him; to have Him wherever we go, to make joy safe by asking Him to share it, to rob care of its carefulness by casting it on Him in prayer.—Episcopal Recorder.

The People's Inheritance.
When Christ was dying on the cross, he made a will. Perhaps you have thought that no one ever remembered you in a will. If you are in the kingdom, Christ did, for it was to His disciples He said, "Peace I leave with you; My peace I give unto you." They say a man can't make a will now that lawyers can't break and drive a four-in-hand straight through. I challenge them to break this one. Let them try it. No judge or jury can set Christ's will aside, for He rose to execute it Himself. If He had left us a lot of gold, we should never have got it, for thieves would have stolen it in the first century. But He left His peace and His joy for every true believer.—D. L. Moody.

A Higher, More Creative Thing to Do.
To do what we ought is an altogether higher, diviner, more potent, more creative thing than to write the grandest poem, paint the most beautiful picture, carve the mightiest statue or dream out the most enchanting commotion of melody and harmony. If you have ever seen the Lord, if only from afar; if you have any vaguest suspicion that Jesus was a better man than other men, one of your first duties must be to open your ears to His words and see whether they command themselves to you as true; then, if they do, to obey them with your whole strength and might.—George MacDonald.

He Sees and Keeps.
Do you ever think, when the skies are blue
And the clouds in the west are an amber hue
And a shaded red and a shimmering white,
That the great All Father takes delight
In seeing His children rest awhile?

Has the day been weary, the task been long?
Lay care aside and let a song
Rise to your lips as you gaze at the sky,
For the glories of heaven seem floating by
And the great All Father shifts the scenes.

For some life seems but idle play,
While others are burdened with care away;
But idle seeming oft hides a pain,
As the sun oft shines in summer rain,
And the great All Father sees it all.

And the beauty of sun and cloud and sky
That glides the west as night draws nigh
But shows the love that will safely hold
Each trusting heart of this earthly fold
Till the great All Father leads us home.
—Antha M. Munsell.

As Thy Day.
As this thy day, O promise blest!
Sweet words of comfort, words of rest!
No more with boding fear I wait
To read tomorrow's hidden fate.
Whate'er its toils, whate'er its tears,
Whate'er its perils, pains and fears,
While sun and stars and worlds endure
The old, sweet promise standeth sure.

The hand that holds the world upbears
My weary heart with all its cares;
The eye that slumbers not has seen
My graveyard mounds with grasses green.
My Father's pitying love has read
The pain behind the tears I shed.
How comforting His words to me,
"Child, as thy day thy strength shall be."

As this my day, my little day,
My broken, troubled, thwarted day—
The day whose roscate morning bloom
Was quenched and darkened into gloom.
The morn of gifts, the noon of loss,
The lengthening shadow of the cross!
Once more, my Father, say to me,
"Child, as thy day thy strength shall be."
—Mary H. Finn.

O music, thou surely art worship,
But thou art not like praise or prayer,
And words make better thanksgiving
Than thy sweet melodies are.

Thou, Lord, art the Father of music;
Sweet sounds are a whisper from Thee.
Thou hast made Thy creation all anthems,
Though it singeth them silently.

But I guess by the stir of this music
What raptures in heaven can be,
Where the sound is Thy marvelous stillness
And the music is light out of Thee.
—Faber.

I'll praise my Maker while I've breath,
And when my voice is lost in death
Praise shall employ my nobler powers.
My days of praise shall ne'er be past
While life and thought and being last
Or immortality endures.
—Isaac Watts.

Hugo Mayer's Golden Eagle Clothing Hall

OUR FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING SALE

— IS THE —

ABSORBING INTEREST TO CORRECT DRESSERS

It's a grand ensemble and magnificent display of Winter Fashions, many exclusive patterns and uncommon styles, the choicest pickings from the leading Clothing Makers of this country, producing a clothing show that in the minds of everybody who has seen them, eclipses any exhibit in this part of the State (large cities, of course, excepted). Good qualities and low prices are the agencies that give this store so enviable a name.

Men's Winter Suits

\$5.00 for Men's Serviceable Suits, the usual \$7.50 grade, made of mixed fabrics and black or blue chevrons, strongly tailored and extraordinary value at \$5.00.

\$7.50 for Men's Business Suits, equal in every respect to the average \$10.00 quality offered by most stores, practically all wool fabrics and priced at \$7.50.

Men's Overcoats

\$4.75 for Men's Good Serviceable Overcoats. They come in blue or black heavy cloth and are worth \$6.00. They are excellent value at our price. \$4.75.

\$6.00 for Men's Dress Overcoats equal in every respect to the average \$9.00 quality offered by most stores. They come in blue or black, also light colored covert cloth. These coats are great values for the money, \$6.50.

Men's Winter Suits

\$10.00 for Men's Stylish Fall Suits, made of strictly all wool gray mixtures and black clay worsted, with style and service apparent in every thread. A regular \$13.50 grade for \$10.00.

\$12.00, \$13.50 and \$15.00 for Men's Dress Suits that ought to (and do at other stores) sell for \$2.50 a piece more money. Every detail is correct, the material strictly all wool, making is properly done. Excellent value at \$12.00, \$13.50 and \$15.

\$9.00 for Men's well made and stylish Overcoats. They come in medium and heavy weight, short and medium; they come in blue or black Kersey and several different shades in covert cloth including the popular Oxfords. These coats are actually worth \$2.50 more money and are considered the best of values at our price, \$9.00.

The finer qualities of Men's Overcoats range in price from \$10.00 to \$18.00. We have everything that is proper and stylish and at right prices. Come and take a look at them even if you don't want to buy.

Children's Clothing

Vestee Suits, sizes 3 to 8 years, would be elegant for school wear and knock-about suit purposes. Price \$1.50.

The above style suits we have in a great many different qualities with different style trimmings, ranging in prices up to \$5.00.

Double-breasted suits, sizes 9 to 16 years, in mixed goods at \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00.

We also have in this style suit the all-wool fabrics in blue, black, gray and mixed colors, at \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50 and up to \$6.00.

Three-piece Suits for boys, age 10 to 16 years, —coat, vest and pants, stylish and durable fabrics, correctly tailored at \$3.25, \$4.00, \$4.50, \$5.00, \$6.00, \$6.50 and \$7.00.

Children's Overcoats

Very pretty styles in overcoats for the little fellows, from 3 to 16 years. Our best styles are the \$3 and \$5 coats. They come in Blue, Kersey, Tan, Coverts and Oxfords, all made with velvet collars, on the same style as men's.

Hats, Caps, Underwear, Shirts and Other Things for Men to Wear.

This is undoubtedly the finest showing of Men's Furnishings that has ever been on display in this or any other town of this size, having been selected with our usual care as to quality, style and value.

Winter Underwear

Men's Scotch Random Shirts and Drawers, all sizes, extra good value, at 25c. per garment.

Natural Wool Underwear, the usual 75c. quality, we are selling this season at 50c. per garment.

Wright's Health Underwear, we have a great many different colors, also different qualities, ranging in price from 75c. a garment to \$1.75. No use doing any talking about these goods, as almost every person knows what they are.

Natural Wool, also Red All-wool Underwear. These goods we guarantee to give satisfaction, \$1.00 and \$1.25 per garment.

Railroad Men's Underwear, brown in color, double-breasted and double back, strictly all wool. \$1.25 per garment.

Hats and Caps

All of the new and fashionable shapes in Stiff Hats are here, including the Mantell, Reliable and Premier, Dunlap, Knox, Youman and all leading shapes in all qualities at \$1.40, \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$3.50.

All the new shapes in Alpine and Crush Hats in the popular shades, \$1.00 to \$2.50.

The latest in Soft Hats are the "Rough Rider" and "Teddy Roosevelt" hats. They come in pearl, nutria, brown and black, \$2.00, \$2.25 and \$2.50.

Plenty of different styles in Boys' Hats and all the new and popular shapes and colors, at 50c., \$1.00 and \$1.25.

Men's and Boys' Golf Caps, in blue cloth, serges and plaids, either to pull down over the ears or not, 25c. and 50c.

Dress Suit Cases, Trunks, Satchels, and Telescopes.

We have everything in this line that is worth showing. Trunks from \$1.75 to \$11.50. Satchels from 75c. to \$12.50. Dress Suit Cases from \$1.75 to \$10.50. Telescopes from 35c. to \$2.50.

Shirts

Fancy Percale or Madras Shirts, perfect fitting, with separate link cuffs to match, and sleeve lengths, \$1.00 and \$1.50.

Fancy Percale Shirts, some with separate link cuffs and some with two separate collars, all sizes from 12 to 18 neck band, 50 cents.

Neckwear

The new two-inch Four-in-Hand is the correct thing. We have them in all patterns, at 50c. each.

Imperials, Tecks and Puffs 50c. and 25c.

Batwings and String Ties in all the new and popular shades, 50c. and 25c.

Band Bows and Shield Bows, in new shapes and popular colorings. 25 cents.

For Railroad Men

We have just received a big lot of Rubber Interlined Coats at \$1.50.

Double-breasted Short Chinchilla Coats is something that every railroad man or men that do much driving ought to have. We are well fixed in that line in different qualities and all sizes from 34 to 44, at \$3.00 to \$6.50.

Gloves

We have a wonderful line of gloves of all kinds. Those adapted for the use of workmen range in price from 25c. to \$1.50.

Scotch and Cloth Gloves, we also have at 25c. and 50c.

In Dress Gloves we have accepted the agency for Tannert's Kastan Gloves. They have quite a reputation amongst the wearers of fine gloves, especially in the large cities. We have them in all styles and colors, including the popular gray shades, also tans and browns, silk lined or without any lining, \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.00.

You are safe in dealing at this store as we guarantee satisfaction on any article you buy, no matter what it is. Anything that is not right we make right. We would rather be the loser than you, and any purchase not satisfactory, all we ask is bring it back in the same condition as you bought it and we will cheerfully refund the money. That's fair, isn't it?

Sole Agents for Hamilton Carharte & Co.'s Union Made Overclothes.

Silverware Stamps given with all purchases. If the salesman forgets to give them to you, ask for them.

HUGO MAYER'S Golden Eagle Clothing Hall,

Cor. 4th & Penn Sts., HUNTINGDON, PA.

The Heart the Seat of Life
Dr. Anstin Albro's Heart Tablets are the greatest and latest discovery for the relief and cure of organic and sympathetic diseases of the Heart, Stomach, Lungs, Kidneys and Liver. One needs only to read the few testimonials from honest and grateful people, which are but samples of the hundreds on file at my office, to admit the truth of my claims. But to convince the doubtful and satisfy the skeptical
A Positive and Legal GUARANTEE TO CURE IS SENT WITH EVERY BOX.
Persons having even one symptom of a disease or weak heart should not delay treatment a single day. There is no remedy in the world so good, safe, certain and economical as Dr. Anstin Albro's Heart Tablets. Price \$1.00 per box; six bottles for \$5.00. One box is sufficient to cure any ordinary case. Sold by C. B. GRAHAM, Mapleton Depot, Pa.

Table Ware

100-piece Dinner Sets, \$7.25.
Glass and Stone ware in great variety.
Welsbach chimneys, large or small size.

Kitchen Supplies

of all kinds—coal buckets, oil cans, baskets, bread pans, etc., etc., at

Yocum's

Fifth Street,
Above Postoffice,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

J. L. HOUCK.

PLAIN FACTS ABOUT SUMMER GOODS

LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS
Latest designs in Percale, Crash and White Lawn, at 50c., 75c. and 95c. (They are models in cheapness.)

SAILOR HATS
(All new this season) at 25c., 35c., 50c., 75c. and 90 cts.

CRASH SKIRTS
(Nicely trimmed and good material) at 60c., 75c. and \$1.00.

MEN'S DRESS HATS
Fur Crush, Wool and Straw, at 25c., 35c., 50c. and \$1.00.

FULL AND COMPLETE LINE
Of Dry Goods, Notions, Groceries, Wall Paper, &c., at prices that make them bargains.

THIS is your opportunity.

J. L. Houck,

Cassville, Pa.

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Go to Fisher's

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For Westbrook's Ice Cream

STEAKS, EGGS, SANDWICHES, COFFEE OR LUNCH of any kind.

WILL HAVE FRESH OYSTERS EVERY DAY DURING THE COUNTY FAIR.

EAT FISHER'S BREAD

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